

















Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2023

CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Prepared by: The Administrative Services Department

Susan Kamada, Administrative Services Director

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2023

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CITY COUNCIL

BARRY WAITE BILL UPHOFF JAMES GAZELEY CINDY SEGAWA MARK A. WARONEK



ADMINISTRATION

RYAN SMOOT CITY MANAGER

December 19, 2023

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of Lomita

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2022-2023 LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL

It is with great pleasure that we present to you the City of Lomita's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This report complies with the most recent financial reporting model developed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34 and Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). The most recent financial reporting model is intended to improve financial accountability by adding significant information not previously available in local government financial statements. The City's implementation of the most recent model enables the City Council and residents of Lomita to become more aware of the City's financial condition and the information contained in its annual financial statements.

This report was prepared by the Administrative Services Department in conformity with GAAP and has been audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) by a firm of licensed Certified Public Accountants. Our audit firm, Gruber and Lopez, Inc., is registered with the California State Board of Accountancy and, therefore, because of this, the City's auditors follow the same required rigor and quality control standards of all firms who are registered with the State. The report contains management's representation of the finances of the City. Consequently, responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed information is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

This ACFR includes the financial activity for all funds of the City. The City provides its citizens a wide range of services either directly or through contractual arrangements including public safety, planning, building, public works, water utility, engineering, parks and recreation, and general management.

In addition to the fund-by-fund financial information presented in the City's financial statements, also included are government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements, required by GASB 34, include a Statement of Net Position that provides the total net equity of the City including its infrastructure assets. The Statement of Activities illustrates the cost of providing government services.

These statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting versus the modified accrual method used in the fund financial statements, as required by GASB 34.

The most recent reporting model includes an emphasis on the City's major funds as shown in the Governmental Fund Statements. These most recent statements combined with other financial information are further described in a narrative section called Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). The MD&A provides financial highlights and interprets the financial reports by analyzing trends and by explaining changes, fluctuations and variances in the financial data. The MD&A is intended to disclose any known significant events or decisions that affect the financial condition of the City.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City adopted Statement on Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statement) No. 91-*Conduit Debt Obligations* and No. 96-*Subscription Based Information Technology Software*. The adoption of GASB No. 91 did not significantly impact the City.

PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

The City of Lomita, California, was founded in 1907 and incorporated on June 30, 1964, as a General Law City under the laws of the State of California. The City of Lomita is located 26 miles south of downtown Los Angeles and is bounded by the City of Torrance on the north and west, the City of Los Angeles to the east, and the City of Rolling Hills Estates on the southwest. Southeast of Lomita is the City of Rancho Palos Verdes and unincorporated County land. The City's total land area is 1,196.8 acres, or 1.97 square miles. As of 2023, the City's population is 20,092.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City Council is comprised of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms of office. Three incumbents filed papers to run for office in the City's November 3, 2022 municipal election. The three candidates were appointed to the three open seats and the election was canceled. The Mayor and Mayor Pro-Tem are selected by the Council from among its members to serve a one-year term. The City Council serves as the legislative and policy-making body of the City, enacting all laws and directing such actions as are required to provide for the general welfare of the community. As a contract city, the City provides most of its municipal services, such as legal and public safety services, waste collection, street sweeping and others through contracts with other agencies or organizations. The City of Lomita contracts with a private firm for its legal services. It contracts with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department for law enforcement services. Fire protection services are provided by the Los Angeles County Fire Department. The Lomita Public Library is administered by Los Angeles County. Building and safety services are also provided by the County. There are currently six City parks in Lomita including Lomita Park.

The City Manager, appointed by the City Council, serves as the Chief Executive Officer and is responsible to the City Council for the administration of all City affairs and the implementation of all policies established by the City Council. The City Attorney serves under contract to the City and is also appointed by the City Council. The Assistant City Manager is appointed by and reports to the City Manager. All other department directors are also appointed by the City Manager and report to the City Manager.

LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The City of Lomita is comprised of single- and multi-family homes, condominiums, and apartments with a mixture of retail, light industrial and service entities providing a tax base for the City. Property Taxes, Sales and Use Taxes, Motor Vehicle-in-Lieu Fees, and Transient Occupancy Taxes financed approximately 68% of all governmental activities for the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2023, the City's unemployment rate was 2.2 percent, which compares favorably to 4.9 percent for Los Angeles County and 4.6 percent for the State of California. The City's three largest employers are Lomita Post-Acute Care Center, WDC Kitchen & Bath Center, and Kaiser Permanente, and they continue to be stable employers.

The City adopted a balanced biennial budget for Fiscal Years 2022-2024 using a conservative approach to forecast revenues and maintain expenditures. The City's sales tax and vehicle license fees revenues performed better than or as expected primarily due to conservative forecasting and stronger than expected sales, and other revenue sources performed as projected, if not slightly better. The budget maintained public safety services and infrastructure projects at a high level of importance. One-time influxes of revenue and the approval of Measure L by the voters in 2020 have added much needed revenue that will support the City in accomplishing its financial and infrastructure improvement goals.

Though hopeful that the economy continues to steadily grow, the City expects long term revenues to remain stable while expenditures are expected to steadily grow. The City will remain conservative in its revenue forecasts, contain costs as much as possible while maintaining essential services for the community. We will continue to explore ways to stimulate the local economy by vigorously pursuing economic development and housing opportunities and developing projects and programs that support the continued growth of our community.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING AND MAJOR INITIATIVES

The City has adopted a new five-year Capital Improvement Program and continues to work through the projects listed as funding is available. An annual review of this report is an integral part of the budget process. This is a plan for short and long-term development, improvement, maintenance, and acquisition of infrastructure assets City-wide. Current projects include facility improvements; information technology upgrades; engineering studies; major street repairs; storm water best management programs; water system upgrades including water main, water meter, water valves and service line replacements and ongoing upgrades to our water facilities. Although the plan identifies an ambitious set of capital needs, the City's ongoing annual funding over the period has simply not kept pace with the increasing costs of construction and the overall needs of the City's infrastructure. As such, currently, there remains more than \$100,000,000 in unfunded capital needs, which have been updated as part of the 5-Year Capital Improvement and Water Master Plan. One-time influxes of revenue, grants, and the approval of Measure L by the voters of the City will help to offset this need, but as it has in the past, the City will need to remain creative in its financing and infrastructure improvement goals.

During the fiscal year of 2022-2023, the Cypress Water Production Facility, which generally provides water service through a blend of imported and locally produced ground water, remained offline while construction is ongoing to upgrade the facility. Water service continues to be provided to the City's residents through

100% imported water. Although fluctuations in blend ratios are anticipated over time, this transition continues to result in significant, short-term increases in the City's costs to provide water service. The City Council has approved a funding plan and is currently under construction, a secondary Granular Activated Carbon filtration system to remove benzene and improve the aesthetic qualities of the City's groundwater and has secured \$5 Million in external funding through WRD and ARPA to be used toward construction of the upgrades. Construction is scheduled to be complete in 2024.

The City has adopted updated water rate structures for the next five years and will continue capital improvements in an effort to be proactive in reducing service delivery costs and determining future revenue requirements to meet the operational needs of the water system while building and maintaining reserves for capital projects, and its debt service obligations.

The City has also completed and received certification from the State of California for its Housing Element of its General Plan. The updated plan prepares the City for development of more than 1100 new housing units over the next eight years and commits the City to ambitious housing production and redevelopment goals. It also commits the City to revisioning for its major corridors and lays the foundation for more broad scale updates to the residents of the City's General Plan. This update will guide the future of development and shape the Lomita community for many decades to come.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City's finances continue to be positively impacted by actual revenues which exceed conservative estimates, business license rates which are revised annually to reflect the changes in the consumer price index, and the updated valuation of the Infrastructure Assets which accurately reflect the true value of the City's assets.

Internal Controls

The management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the government are protected from loss, theft, or other misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the costs of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be achieved. The valuation of the costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

As a recipient of Federal, State and County financial resources, the City is also responsible for ensuring that an adequate internal control structure is in place to ensure compliance with applicable laws and regulations related to those programs. The internal control structure is subject to annual evaluation by its independent auditors and periodic evaluation by management of the City.

Budgetary Controls

In addition to internal controls, the City maintains budgetary controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved

by the City Council. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Proprietary Funds (including Internal Service and Enterprise Funds) and Fiduciary Funds are included in the annual appropriated budget.

The budget is arranged by department, function and fund and presented to the City Council by the City Manager and Administrative Services Director. The budget is then adopted annually by the City Council prior to the beginning of the fiscal year and serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. The budget is reviewed at mid-year and necessary adjustments are made to ensure that expenditures are not outpacing anticipated revenues.

The City maintains an encumbrance accounting system as an additional technique of accomplishing budgetary control. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City has enhanced its responsibility for sound financial management. The legal level of control of which expenditures cannot exceed appropriations is at the functional level. The City Council is informed of expenditures over appropriations and such amounts are informally approved as a part of the bi-monthly review of the demand warrants.

Annual Audit

Gruber & Lopez, Inc., was selected by the City to audit the City's financial statements. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. As part of the City's annual audit, reviews are made to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure as well as to determine that the City has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The independent auditor concluded there was a basis for rendering an unmodified opinion and the City's financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles and GASB 34 requirements. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Lomita for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. This was the nineteenth consecutive year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable program requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is valid for a period of one year only. However, we believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate. The preparation and publication of this report would not have been possible without the collaborative assistance of the Department Heads and staff in all City departments. First and foremost, we want to recognize the dedicated employees of the Administrative Services Department. Their professional expertise and unwavering commitment to excellence is constantly manifested in the quality of the City's financial records and reporting. Appreciation is also expressed to the audit staff of Gruber & Lopez, Inc., for their advice and assistance in the preparation of this report. Finally, we would like to thank the Mayor and members of the City Council for their support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City in a responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Ryan Smoot City Manager

Susan Kamada Administrative Services Director

CITY OF LOMITA LIST OF CITY OFFICIALS

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Mayor

Mayor Pro Tem

Council Member

Council Member

Council Member

Barry Waite

William Uphoff

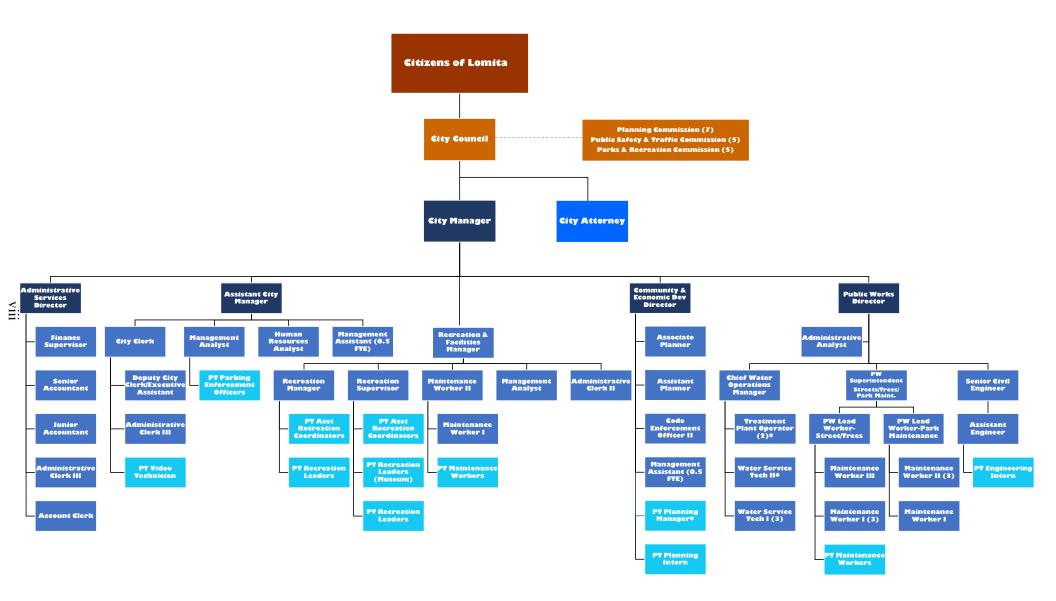
James Gazeley

Cindy Segawa

Mark A. Waronek

CITY STAFF

City Manager	Ryan Smoot
Assistant City Manager	Gary Sugano
City Attorney	Trevor Rusin, Best, Best & Krieger
Administrative Services Director	Susan Kamada
Community & Economic Development Director	Brianna Rindge
Public Works Director	Carla Dillon





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Lomita California

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Lomita, California

Independent Auditors' Report

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lomita, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Lomita, California's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lomita, California, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 91 and 96. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Lomita, California, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Lomita, California's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lomita, California's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Lomita, California's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of proportionate share of the net pension liability and the schedules of contributions for the CalPERS miscellaneous pension plan, the schedule of changes in the net other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability (asset) and related ratios, and the budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund, identified as Required Supplementary Information (RSI) in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Lomita's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and financial data schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, and financial data schedules, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2023, on our consideration of the City of Lomita's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Lomita's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Lomita's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gruber and Lopez, Inc. Gruber and Lopez, Inc.

Newport Beach, California December 15, 2023

CITY OF LOMITA Management's Discussion and Analysis

The following discussion and analysis of the City of Lomita's financial statements provides an overview of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This document should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter which can be found on pages i-v of this report; and the basic financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the 2022-2023 fiscal year by \$62,191,293 (total net position). Of this amount, \$8,319,476 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased \$10,449,370. Net position of governmental activities increased \$6,561,151 and net position of business-type activities increased \$3,888,219.
- As of the close of the 2022-2023 fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$22,098,242, an increase of \$4,879,585 in comparison to the prior year. General Fund increased by \$2,107,818 and American Rescue Plan Fund increased by \$367,140.
- At the end of the 2022-2023 fiscal year, fund balance (the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned components of fund balance) for the General Fund was \$10,662,050 or approximately 86% of total General Fund expenditures.

USING THE ANNUAL REPORT

The annual comprehensive financial reports are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the City as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities, 2) fund financial statements illustrate how City services were financed, as well as, what remains for future spending; these statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the City as a whole. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting method used by most private sector companies. All of the current fiscal year's revenues and expenses are considered regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes in the net position. Net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's change in net position increased during Fiscal Year 2022-2023 despite ongoing fiscal challenges. Consideration should also be given to other non-financial factors, such as the condition of the City's infrastructure, to assess the overall health of the City.

The City's basic services fall into two categories: governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are activities generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods

or services provided by the City. These activities are usually reported in enterprise funds. The City's only business-type activity is its Water utility.

The Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities present information about governmental and business-type activities, including General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Community Development, Cultural and Recreation and the Water Enterprise. General revenues such as Property Taxes, Sales Taxes, Motor Vehicle-in-Lieu Fees, Refuse Taxes, Business License Taxes, Franchise Taxes, and Transient Occupancy Taxes financed approximately 68% of all governmental activities for the fiscal year.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-15 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Fund Financial Statements provide specific detailed information about the most significant funds. Included are the General Fund, Measure R Highway Special Revenue Fund, and Water Enterprise Fund. Smaller specific funds are reported collectively as Other Governmental Funds. Some funds are required to be established by State law; however, the City establishes many other funds to help control and manage costs for specific purposes or to demonstrate compliance with legal requirements for using certain taxes, grants, and other monies. The City currently has three types of funds – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> Most of the City's basic services are reported under governmental funds. These financial statements focus on how money flows into and out of governmental funds and the balances left at fiscal yearend that are available for future appropriation. These funds are reported using the modified accrual accounting method. Under this method, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available to finance expenses of the current fiscal period while expenses are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred. There are five different types of governmental funds: the general fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital projects funds, and permanent funds.

The Governmental Fund statements provide a detailed view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and Statement of Activities) and Governmental Funds are described in the reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 16-19 of this report.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> This category includes enterprise and internal service funds. The City's water operations are reflected in the Water Enterprise Fund. The cost of allocating vehicle and equipment purchases to all applicable departments citywide is represented in the Equipment Replacement and Park Equipment Replacement Fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 20-22.

Fiduciary Funds This fund type reflects monies held on behalf of outside entities such as the Railroad Museum Foundation, and Tom Rico Memorial Fund. These funds do not belong to the City and are not used for city government activities. Fiduciary activities are reported in separate fiduciary fund financial statements. We exclude these activities from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to

finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used exclusively for their intended purpose.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-24.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25-59.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information. This required supplementary information can be found on pages 60-68 of this report.

The combining statements in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented on pages 69-76. Individual fund schedules can be found on pages 77-95.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The analysis focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the City's governmental and businesstype activities. At fiscal year-end, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	TO	ГAL
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 27,199,107 22,718,159	\$ 23,228,234 22,198,828	\$ 8,067,442 27,080,733	\$ 6,450,733 26,699,780	\$ 35,266,549 49,798,892	\$ 29,678,967 48,898,608
Total Assets:	· · ·	45,427,062	35,148,175	33,150,513	85,065,441	78,577,575
Deferred Outflow of Resources	3,271,445	1,605,410	1,217,336	429,991	4,488,781	2,035,401
Current liabilities Non-current liabilities	2,099,218 13,431,848	3,341,504 9,123,682	1,104,265 7,556,530	1,287,683 7,286,618	3,203,483 20,988,378	4,629,187 16,410,300
Total Liabilities:	15,531,066	12,465,186	8,660,795	8,574,301	24,191,861	21,039,487
Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,872,738	6,343,530	298,330	1,488,036	3,171,068	7,831,566
Net Investment in Capital	22 719 159	22,192,027	21.550.554	20.044.221	44 077 710	42,020,150
Assets Restricted Unrestricted	22,718,159 9,594,104 2,472,644	22,183,927 7,593,689 (1,553,860)	21,559,554 - 5,846,832	20,844,231	44,277,713 9,594,104 8,319,476	43,028,158 7,593,689 1,120,076
Total Net Position, as restated:	<u>\$ 34,784,907</u>	<u>\$ 28,223,756</u>	<u>\$ 27,406,386</u>	<u>\$ 23,518,167</u>	·	<u>\$ 51,741,923</u>

CITY OF LOMITA NET POSITION

Net Position

The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$62,191,293 (net position).

- \$44,277,713 (71%) of net position reflects investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), net of related debt. The City uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.
- \$9,594,104 (15%) of net position is subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.
- \$8,319,476 (13%) of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors which include the net OPEB and Pension obligations.

The City's overall net position increased \$10,449,370 from the prior year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the below sections for governmental activities and business-type activities:

Governmental Activities. The net position for governmental activities increased \$6,561,151 during the 2022-2023 fiscal year for an ending balance of \$34,784,307. General revenues for the governmental activities increased from the prior year by \$1,857,149 or approximately 18%. The overall increase is primarily due to the approval of Measure L, vehicle license fees, and a Proposition A exchange.

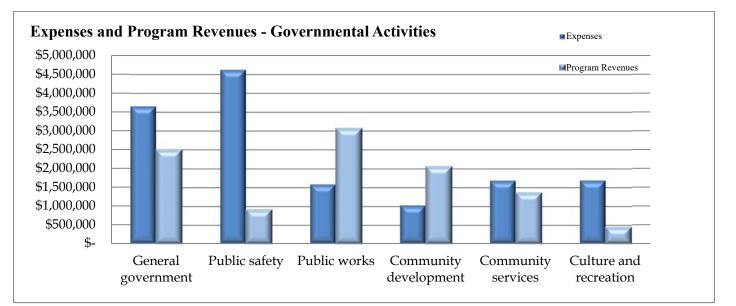
Expenses increased by \$278,910 from the prior year or approximately 1% primarily due to increased spending in contractual services and information technology; these expenses are driven and affected largely by increases in public health, welfare and safety and engagement of technology to meet resident expectations around data and transparency.

Additional information can be found in the statement of activities (Primary Government, pages 14-15).

		Governmental Activities		 Business -type Activities			TOTAL				
		2023		2022	 2023		2022		2023		2022
Revenues:											
Program Revenues:											
Charges for services	\$	3,788,818	\$	3,032,299	\$ 6,108,357	\$	6,344,367	\$	9,897,175	\$	9,376,666
Operating grants and contributions		5,790,820		5,347,576	-		-		5,790,820		5,347,576
Capital grants and contributions		723,342		621,557	-		-		723,342		621,557
General Revenues:											
Property taxes		2,112,200		1,990,207	-		-		2,112,200		1,990,207
Sales and other taxes		6,655,527		6,648,700	-		-		6,655,527		6,648,700
Investment income and miscellaneous		3,477,135		1,748,806	1,217,510		1,112,511		4,694,645		2,861,317
Total Revenues:		22,547,842		19,389,145	 7,325,867		7,456,878		29,873,709		26,846,023
Expenses:											
General government		3,651,972		4,615,742	-		-		3,651,972		4,615,742
Public safety		4,624,434		4,385,150	-		-		4,624,434		4,385,150
Public works		1,584,797		1,557,665	-		-		1,584,797		1,557,665
Community development		1,022,436		985,098	-		-		1,022,436		985,098
Community services		1,684,425		701,673	-		-		1,684,425		701,673
Cultural and recreation		1,688,139		1,731,965	-		-		1,688,139		1,731,965
Water Enterprise operations		-		-	 5,168,136		7,011,399		5,168,136		7,011,399
Total Expenses:		14,256,203		13,977,293	5,168,136		7,011,399		19,424,339		20,988,692
Increase (decrease) in Net Position before other revenues and transfers		8,291,639		5,411,852	2,157,731		445,479		10,449,370		5,857,331
Transfers		(1,730,488)		(1,269,512)	1,730,488		1,269,512				
Net position - beginning of year		28,223,756		24,081,416	23,518,167		21,803,176		51,741,923		45,884,592
Net position - end of year	\$	34,784,907	\$	28,223,756	\$ 27,406,386	\$	23,518,167	\$	62,191,293	\$	51,741,923

CITY OF LOMITA'S CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Business-type Activities. The net position increased 3,888,219 during the 2022-2023 fiscal year for an ending balance of 27,406,386. The Water Enterprise business charges for water services to offset its operation expenses. Total revenues decreased (131,011) or approximately 2% from the prior year. In comparison to the prior fiscal year, the charges for services decreased by (236,010) or 4% due, in part, to a decrease in water usage. Related business-type activity expenses decreased during the fiscal year by (1,843,263) or 26% compared to the previous fiscal year, a decrease resulting from the Cypress Water Production Facility project nearing its completion.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental Funds. On June 30, 2023, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$22,098,242, an increase of \$4,879,585 in comparison with the prior year. \$2,761,741 or approximately 12% of this amount constitutes an unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either non-spendable, restricted, committed, or assigned to indicate that it is: (1) not in spendable form \$26,835; (2) restricted for particular purposes \$4,070,880; (3) committed for particular purposes \$3,919,868; or (4) assigned for particular purposes \$11,318,918.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the 2022-2023 fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,531,302, while the total fund balance increased by \$2,107,818 to \$10,662,050; the overall increase is primarily due to the approval of Measure L, vehicle license fees, and a Proposition A exchange. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and the total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 14% of total general fund balance, while total fund balance represents approximately 86% of that total general fund expenditures.

The American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund, a major fund, reported a fund balance of \$1,336,976. Transfers of \$332,860 and \$1,730,488 from the American Rescue Plan Act Fund were to reimburse the General Fund and Water Enterprise Funds for various capital related projects in the City.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Water Enterprise at the end of the fiscal year was \$5,846,832. The total increase in net position was \$3,888,219; this increase is primarily due to a transfer of \$1,730,488 from the American Rescue Plan Act.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The revised budget estimated an increase in General Fund net change in fund balance of \$502,182; however, the actual change in fund balance was an increase of \$2,107,818 to arrive at a total ending General Fund Balance of \$10,662,050. The overall difference in the original and final amended budgeted expenditures for the General Fund was an increase of \$577,908 or 0.05%. The final amended budgeted revenues increased from the original budgeted revenues by \$1,357,209 or 10%.

Revenues: In the General Fund, actual revenues were more than the amount budgeted by \$860,675 or 6%. License and permits revenues had a significant increase over budget by \$847,329 or 70%, the overall increase is primarily due to increases in building & safety, planning & zoning, and encroachment fees.

Expenditures: In the General Fund, actual expenditures were less than budgeted by \$(612,226) or 5%. Actual revenues over actual departmental expenditures for the General Fund were \$3,350,703, not including transfers out.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The assets include a broad range of capital resources including land, buildings, equipment, furniture, vehicles, etc. Also included are public domain (infrastructure) capital assets consisting of certain improvements such as roads, streets, sidewalks, buildings, storm drains and the water main system. At the end of fiscal year 2022-2023, the City's net capital assets total \$49,798,892 in a broad range of resources as listed below:

		,		lativ	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
	 Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities			Total			
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Non-depreciable assets:											
Land	\$ 4,993,906	\$	4,993,906	\$	70,675	\$	70,675	\$	5,064,581	\$	5,064,581
Street trees	1,650,378		1,650,378		-		-		1,650,378	\$	1,650,378
Construction in progress	 295,326		2,598,005		4,497,964		3,548,783		4,793,290	\$	6,146,788
Total non-depreciable assets	 6,939,610		9,242,289		4,568,639		3,619,458		11,508,249		12,861,747
Capital assets, being depreciated:											
Buildings/structures and improvements	984,517		1,074,995		-		-		984,517		1,074,995
Equipment and furniture	695,744		310,075		74,874		85,456		770,618		395,531
Right-to-Use - Lease Equipment	11,471		15,294		-		-		11,471		15,294
Right-to-Use - Subscription	141,235		-		-		-		141,235		-
Vehicles	336,956		114,392		77,961		54,418		414,917		168,810
Infrastructure	 13,608,626		11,441,783		22,359,259		22,940,448		35,967,885		34,382,231
Total depreciable assets (net)	 15,778,549		12,956,539		22,512,094		23,080,322		38,290,643		36,036,861
Total capital assets	\$ 22,718,159	\$	22,198,828	\$	27,080,733	\$	26,699,780	\$	49,798,892	\$	48,898,608

CITY OF LOMITA'S CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of depreciation)

Major capital asset events, during the 2022-2023 fiscal year, included the following:

- Completed reconstruction of streets in city zones C and F.
- Began design for the reconstruction of streets in city zone G.
- Continued construction on the Cypress Water Production Facility's (CWPF) upgrade project for a Granular Activated Carbon filtration unit at the CWPF.
- Began design of the Narbonne South Pipe Replacement Project.
- Continued design of the 247th Area Water Main Replacement Project.
- Completed the City Council Chambers Audio/Visual Upgrades.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 43-45 of this report.

Long-term Debt

The City currently has several long-term obligations. The City issued a bond for the first time in its history in fiscal year 2008-09 for the construction of the new Cypress Street Reservoir, and other potential capital improvements to the City's aged water system. During fiscal year 2022-2023, the City refinanced the water revenue bonds to take advantage of lower interest rates. Other long-term liabilities include net pension liability, compensated absences, and other post-employment benefits (OPEB).

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total			
		2023		2022	 2023		2022		2023		2022	
Net pension liability	\$	7,908,856	\$	3,911,512	\$ 2,125,000	\$	1,541,551	\$	10,033,856	\$	5,453,063	
OPEB		4,910,356		4,773,098	-		-		4,910,356		4,773,098	
Lease payable		11,234		14,901	-		-		11,234		14,901	
Subscription leases payable		141,235		-	-		-		141,235		-	
Compensated absences		625,496		534,803	310,901		281,738		936,397		816,541	
COP Bonds payable, net of premium		-		-	5,521,179		5,855,549		5,521,179		5,855,549	
	\$	13,597,177	\$	9,234,314	\$ 7,957,080	\$	7,678,838	\$	21,554,257	\$	16,913,152	

CITY OF LOMITA'S OUTSTANDING DEBT

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 3.75 percent of the average full valuation. The current debt limitation for the City is \$109,932,708, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$5,416,000.

Additional information can be found in the notes section of this report (Note 6- Long-Term Debt. pages 45-46).

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The following economic factors currently affect the City and were considered when developing the 2023-2024 fiscal year budget:

- The City has started the process of updating the City's General Plan.
- The City's current unemployment rate of 2.2 percent is 2.4 percent lower than the State's unemployment rate of 4.6 percent. It is a 0.1 percent decrease from the prior fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Services Department, 24300 Narbonne Avenue, Lomita, California 90717, or call (310) 325-7110.

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BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

GOVERNMENT WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

June	30, 2023		
	P		
	Governmental	Business-Type	T 1
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:	A	6 9 45 9 69	
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 24,910,429	6,347,363	31,257,792
Receivable: Accounts	214,684	1 641 227	1 855 021
Taxes	685	1,641,237 68,002	1,855,921 68,687
Interest	68,786		68,786
Leases (note 7)	143,180	-	143,180
Due from other governmental entities	1,834,508	-	1,834,508
Inventories	22,805	10,840	33,645
Prepaid items	4,030	-	4,030
Total current assets	27,199,107	8,067,442	35,266,549
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets (note 5):			
Non-depreciable	6,939,610	4,568,639	11,508,249
Depreciable, net	15,778,549	22,512,094	38,290,643
Total capital assets	22,718,159	27,080,733	49,798,892
Total noncurrent assets	22,718,159	27,080,733	49,798,892
Total assets	49,917,266	35,148,175	85,065,441
	49,917,200	55,146,175	05,005,441
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2 0 4 4 1 4 2	1 017 000	4 1 (1 470
Pensions (note 8)	2,944,143	1,217,336	4,161,479
OPEB (note 9)	327,302	-	327,302
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,271,445	1,217,336	4,488,781
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:	1 500 000	C 10 00 5	0 1 0 100 1
Accounts payable	1,528,896	643,095	2,171,991
Accrued salaries and benefits	161,646	48,698	210,344
Interest payable Deposits payable	- 243,347	10,922 1,000	10,922 244,347
Long-term - due within one year (note 6)	165,329	400,550	565,879
Total current liabilities	2,099,218	1,104,265	3,203,483
Noncurrent liabilities:	2,099,210	1,104,205	5,205,405
Pension Liability (note 8)	7,908,856	2,125,000	10,033,856
OPEB (note 9)	4,910,356	-	4,910,356
Long-term - due in more than one year (note 6)	612,636	5,431,530	6,044,166
Total noncurrent liabilities	13,431,848	7,556,530	20,988,378
Total liabilities	15,531,066	8,660,795	24,191,861
	15,551,000	8,000,795	24,191,001
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	701 515	200 220	1 010 045
Pensions (note 8) OPEB (note 9)	721,515	298,330	1,019,845
Lease related items (note 7)	2,009,565 141,658	-	2,009,565 141,658
Total deferred inflows of resources		208 220	
	2,872,738	298,330	3,171,068
NET POSITION	22 510 150	01 550 554	11 077 710
Net investment in capital assets	22,718,159	21,559,554	44,277,713
Restricted for:	1 5 45 010		1 545 010
Community development and services	1,545,019	-	1,545,019
Public safety Public works	6,351 7 320 156	-	6,351 7 320 156
Cultural and recreation	7,329,156 713,578	-	7,329,156 713,578
Total restricted	9,594,104		9,594,104
		5 016 022	
Unrestricted	2,472,644	5,846,832	8,319,476
Total net position	\$ 34,784,907	27,406,386	62,191,293

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program	Revenues	
			Operating	Capital	Total
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Program
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Revenue
Primary Government:					
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 3,651,972	60,000	2,430,488	-	2,490,488
Public safety	4,624,434	727,215	177,287	-	904,502
Public works	1,584,797	203,713	2,345,634	511,884	3,061,231
Community development	1,022,436	2,053,254	-	-	2,053,254
Community services	1,684,425	335,681	807,411	211,458	1,354,550
Cultural and recreation	1,688,139	408,955	30,000		438,955
Total governmental activities	14,256,203	3,788,818	5,790,820	723,342	10,302,980
Business-type activities:					
Water	5,168,136	6,108,357			6,108,357
Total business-type activities	5,168,136	6,108,357			6,108,357
Total primary government	\$ 19,424,339	9,897,175	5,790,820	723,342	16,411,337
		General revenu	ies:		
		Taxes:			
		Property t	axes, net		
		Sales taxe	es		
		Business	license tax		
		Franchise	taxes		
		Refuse ta:	xes		
		Transient	occupancy taxe	es	
		Other tax			
		Total	taxes		
		Motor vehic	le in-lieu, unres	stricted	
		Investment i	ncome (loss)		
		Other reven	ues		
		Transfers			
		Total gen	eral revenues a	nd transfers	
		Change ir	n net position		
		-	on - beginning		
		Net positi	on - end of yea	r	
See acco	ompanying notes to	the basic financi	al statements.		

Primary Government									
Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total							
(1,161,484) $(3,719,932)$ $1,476,434$ $1,030,818$ $(329,875)$ $(1,249,184)$ $(3,953,223)$	- - - - - - -	$(1,161,484) \\ (3,719,932) \\ 1,476,434 \\ 1,030,818 \\ (329,875) \\ (1,249,184) \\ (3,953,223)$							
(3,953,223)	940,221 940,221 940,221	940,221 940,221 (3,013,002)							
2,112,200 4,944,221 678,225 410,506 346,598 230,035	- - - - -	2,112,200 4,944,221 678,225 410,506 346,598 230,035							
45,942 8,767,727 2,789,586 (316,365) 1,003,914 (1,730,488)	- 90,970 1,126,540 1,730,488	45,942 8,767,727 2,789,586 (225,395) 2,130,454							
<u>10,514,374</u> 6,561,151 <u>28,223,756</u> <u>\$ 34,784,907</u>	2,947,998 3,888,219 23,518,167 27,406,386	<u>13,462,372</u> 10,449,370 <u>51,741,923</u> <u>62,191,293</u>							

Net (Exp	pense) Reve	enue and Cha	anges in Net	Position

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Governmental Fund Financial Statements Proprietary Fund Financial Statements Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all activities of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

American Rescue Plan Act – Used to account for the City's use of emergency and rescue plan activities using ARPA COVID-19 funds received from the Department of Treasury.

CITY OF LOMITA Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

	General Fund	American Rescue Plan Act	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 10,403,265	1,336,976	10,338,705	22,078,946
Receivables:				
Accounts	195,590	-	-	195,590
Taxes	-	-	685	685
Interest	68,786	-	-	68,786
Lease (note 7)	143,180	-	-	143,180
Due from other governments	1,453,255	-	381,253	1,834,508
Due from other funds (note 3)	121,453	-	-	121,453
Inventory	22,805	-	-	22,805
Prepaid items			4,030	4,030
Total assets	\$ 12,408,334	1,336,976	10,724,673	24,469,983
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	\$ 1,271,967	-	240,111	1,512,078
Accrued liabilities	115,622	-	46,024	161,646
Deposits payable	217,037	-	26,310	243,347
Due to other funds (note 3)	-		121,453	121,453
Total liabilities	1,604,626		433,898	2,038,524
DEFERRED IN FLOWS				
OF RESOURCES				
Lease related items (note 7)	141,658	_	-	141,658
Unavailable revenue	-	-	191,559	191,559
Total deferred in flows				
of resources	141,658		191,559	333,217
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable	22,805	_	4,030	26,835
Restricted	-	_	4,070,880	4,070,880
Committed	85,744	_	3,834,124	3,919,868
Assigned	9,022,199	-	2,296,719	11,318,918
Unassigned	1,531,302	1,336,976	(106,537)	2,761,741
Total fund balances	10,662,050	1,336,976	10,099,216	22,098,242
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				, , -
and fund balances	\$ 12,408,334	1,336,976	10,724,673	24,469,983

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$	22,098,242
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities were not current financial resources. Therefore, they were not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. Excluding the internal service funds capital assets which are reported below, capital assets were adjusted as follows:		
Capital assetsAccumulated depreciation		39,768,363 (17,393,314)
Certain revenues were not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, were deferred in funds.		191,559
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet management, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds were included in governmental activities in the government-wide statement of net position.	5	3,176,869
Deferred outflows related to contributions made after the actuarial measurement date for the net pension liability.		2,944,143
Deferred inflows related to unrecognized actuarial gains and losses for the net pension liability.		(721,515)
Proportionate share of net pension liability has not been included in governmental fund activity.		(7,908,856)
Long-term liabilities (including compensated absences, lease payable, and OPEB liability) were not due and payable in the current period. Therefore, they were not reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount excludes long-term liabilities reported in Internal Service funds.		(7,370,584)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	34,784,907

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	American Rescue Plan Act	Non-major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Taxes and assessments	\$ 8,767,726	-	658,798	9,426,524
Intergovernmental	3,730,910	2,430,488	3,191,090	9,352,488
Licenses and permits	2,056,329	-	56,156	2,112,485
Charges for services	-	-	8,818	8,818
Fines and forfeitures	818,565	-	-	818,565
Investment income (loss)	(341,239)	-	166,455	(174,784)
Rental income	242,308	-	326,863	569,171
Other revenue	393,388		11,573	404,961
Total revenues	15,667,987	2,430,488	4,419,753	22,518,228
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	3,961,115	-	-	3,961,115
Community development	1,124,403	-	-	1,124,403
Community services	-	-	1,681,448	1,681,448
Public works	569,643	-	738,079	1,307,722
Public safety	4,642,386	-	-	4,642,386
Culture and recreation	1,795,502	-	53,203	1,848,705
Capital outlay	182,735	-	592,396	775,131
Principal	41,500			41,500
Total expenditures	12,317,284		3,065,126	15,382,410
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	3,350,703	2,430,488	1,354,627	7,135,818
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in (note 4)	332,860	-	1,050,000	1,382,860
Transfers out (note 4)	(1,758,480)	(2,063,348)	-	(3,821,828)
Proceeds from subscription leases	182,735			182,735
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,242,885)	(2,063,348)	1,050,000	(2,256,233)
Net change in fund balances	2,107,818	367,140	2,404,627	4,879,585
Fund balances, beginning of year	8,554,232	969,836	7,694,589	17,218,657
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	<u>\$ 10,662,050</u>	1,336,976	10,099,216	22,098,242

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance to the Governmental-Wide Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes in fund balances of governmental funds	\$	4,879,585
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different becau	use:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the government- wide statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current year, net of disposals and internal service fund activity.		
Capital outlay		948,800
Depreciation expense		(657,181)
To record as an expense the net change in compensated absences in the statement of activities.		(90,693)
To record as an expense the net change in lease payable in the statement of activities.		(137,568)
To record as an expense the net change in other post employment benefits liability in the statement of activities.		19,214
Pension obligation expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		909,951
Internal service funds were used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and fleet management, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.		689,043
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	6,561,151

PROPRIETARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Water Enterprise Fund - This fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that costs of providing water utility services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

Internal Service Funds - This fund is used to account for the City's cost of maintenance replacing the City's capital assets. City departments are the primary users of these services and are charged a fee on a cost reimbursement basis.

Statement of Fund Net Position

Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2023

June 30, 2023	Business-Type Activities	Governmental Activities	
Water Enterprise Fund		Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 6,347,363	2,831,483	
Receivables:	1 (11 225	10.004	
Accounts	1,641,237	19,094	
Taxes Inventories	68,002 10,840	-	
		2 850 577	
Total current assets	8,067,442	2,850,577	
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets (note 5):	70 (75		
Land Construction in programs	70,675 4,497,964	-	
Construction in progress Equipment and furniture	290,217	478,570	
Vehicles	195,634	478,370	
Infrastructure	32,756,543	_	
Less accumulated depreciation	(10,730,300)	(135,460)	
Total capital assets, net	27,080,733	343,110	
Total noncurrent assets	27,080,733	343,110	
Total assets	35,148,175	3,193,687	
	55,146,175	5,195,087	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1 217 226		
Pensions (note 8)	1,217,336		
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,217,336	-	
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	643,095	16,818	
Accrued liabilities	48,698	-	
Interest payable	10,922	-	
Deposits payable	1,000	-	
Bonds payable - due within one year (note 6) Compensated absences - due within one year (note 6)	338,370 62,180	-	
Total current liabilities		16.010	
	1,104,265	16,818	
Noncurrent liabilities:	5 192 900		
Bonds payable - due in more than one year (note 6) Pension Liability (note 8)	5,182,809	-	
Compensated absences - due in more than one year (note 6)	2,125,000 248,721	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities			
	7,556,530	- 16.010	
Total liabilities	8,660,795	16,818	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	200 220		
Pensions (note 8)	298,330		
Total deferred inflows of resources	298,330		
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	21,559,554	343,110	
Unrestricted	5,846,832	2,833,759	
Total net position	\$ 27,406,386	3,176,869	

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

		siness-Type Activities	Governmental Activities	
		er Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	6,108,357	-	
Other revenues		1,126,540		
Total operating revenues		7,234,897		
Operating expenses:				
Cost of water purchased		2,936,699	-	
Salaries, wages and benefits		545,863	-	
Materials and supplies		126,786	-	
Contractual services		322,520	7,500	
Repairs and maintenance		217,571	20,807	
Rents and leases		116,816	-	
Depreciation (note 5)		771,904	20,744	
Total operating expenses		5,038,159	49,051	
Operating income (loss)		2,196,738	(49,051)	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Investment income		90,970	24,874	
Interest expense and fees		(129,977)	-	
Gain (loss) on disposal of capital assets		-	4,740	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		(39,007)	29,614	
Income (loss) before transfers		2,157,731	(19,437)	
Transfers in (note 4)		1,730,488	708,480	
Change in net position		3,888,219	689,043	
Net position, beginning of year		23,518,167	2,487,826	
Net position, end of year	\$	27,406,386	3,176,869	

Statement of Cash Flows

Proprietary Funds

For the year ended June 30, 2023

For the year ended June 30, 20	Bu	isiness-Type Activities	Governmental Activities
		ter Enterprise Fund	Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		1 unu	Service I und
Cash received from customers and other governments	\$	7,213,498	-
Cash paid to suppliers for goods or services	Ψ	(3,889,347)	(30,583)
Cash paid to employees for services		(1,923,609)	-
Net cash provided (used by) operating activities		1,400,542	(30,583)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Purchase, acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,152,858)	(248,456)
Principal paid on capital debt		(334,370)	-
Proceeds on the sale of capital assets		-	4,740
Interest paid on capital-related debt		(130,639)	
Net cash provided (used by) capital and related financing activities		(1,617,867)	(243,716)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Investment income		90,970	24,874
Net cash provided (used by) investing activities		90,970	24,874
Cash flows from non-capital activities - cash received			
(paid) from/to other funds		1,730,488	708,480
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,604,133	459,055
Cash and equivalents, beginning of year		4,743,230	2,372,428
Cash and equivalents, end of year	\$	6,347,363	2,831,483
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)	\$	2,196,738	(49,051)
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:			
Depreciation		771,904	20,744
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		34,716	(19,094)
(Increase) decrease in taxes receivable		(56,115)	-
(Increase) decrease in inventories		8,824	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(177,733)	16,818
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(13,353)	-
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		29,163	-
Increase (decrease) in net pension liability, net of deferred inflows and outflows		(1,393,602)	
			-
Total adjustments	<u> </u>	(796,196)	18,468
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	1,400,542	(30,583)

FIDUCIARY FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Trust Funds - Trust funds are used to report a trust arrangement. All resources of these funds including any earnings on invested resources, must be used for specific purposes as set forth in the trust agreement. The City's trust funds are for a railroad foundation and donations for a memorial.

CITY OF LOMITA Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds June 30, 2023

	Trust Funds
ASSETS	
Current assets: Cash and investments (note 2) Receivables:	\$ 22,052
Accounts	83
Total assets	22,135
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	1,332
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	1,332
Total liabilities	1,440
NET POSITION	
Restricted for foundation	20,695
Total net position	<u>\$ 20,695</u>

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds For the year ended June 30, 2023

	Private Purpose Trust Funds
Additions:	
Other revenues	\$ 8,900
Total additions	8,900
Deductions:	
Miscellaneous	10,476
Total deductions	10,476
Change in net position	(1,576)
Net position, beginning of year	22,271
Net position, end of year	\$ 20,695

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended June 30, 2023

(1) Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The basic financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Lomita was incorporated June 30, 1964, under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under a Council-Administrator form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire through the County of Los Angeles), community services, engineering services, planning services, public works, general administrative services, and capital improvements.

This report includes governmental activities and business-type activities of the City of Lomita (the "primary government"), as well as, the Lomita Railroad Foundation, Inc. (Foundation), the Lomita Manor Housing Authority (the Authority), and the Lomita Public Financing Authority (PFA). The Foundation, the Authority, and the PFA all meet the definition of a component unit, and are presented on a "blended" basis as if they were part of the primary government. The PFA is not currently active. Although they are legally separate entities, the City Council serves as their governing board. The City may impose its will on the Foundation and the Authority, including the ability to appoint, hire, reassign or dismiss management. There is also a financial benefit/burden relationship between the City and the other entities.

The Lomita Railroad Museum Foundation, Inc. was formed September 17, 1990, as a non-profit organization under the laws of the State of California. The corporation was formed to assist in maintaining, enhancing, and promoting the Lomita Railroad Museum. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Foundation.

The Lomita Manor Housing Authority was formed in 1985 as a non-profit organization to administer the local U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) conventional housing program. The City of Lomita contracts with an outside management company to administer this program. Separate financial statements are not prepared for the Authority.

The PFA was established to simplify the issuance of tax-exempt bonds that are issued by the City for the purpose of making lower-cost financing available for certain projects that provide a public benefit, contribute to social and economic growth, and improve the overall quality of life in the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(b) <u>Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus</u>

The *basic financial statements* of the City are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements, including the GASB Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidelines.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government (including its blended component units). Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. *Basis of accounting* refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33 government-wide activity requirements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, (Continued)

Program revenues include charges for services, special assessments, and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about the major fund individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. Fiduciary statements include financial information for fiduciary funds and similar component units. Fiduciary funds of the City primarily represent assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for other individuals or organizations.

Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *modified*accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they become *measurable* and *available* as net current assets. *Measurable* means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. *Available* means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(b) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, (Continued)

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, gas taxes, motor vehicle in lieu fees, transient occupancy taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the government.

Revenue recognition is subject to the *measurable* and *available* criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. *Exchange transactions* are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). *Locally imposed derived tax revenues* are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. *Imposed nonexchange* transactions are recognized as revenues in the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. *Government-mandated and voluntary nonexchange transactions* are recognized as revenues have been met.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *current financial resources measurement focus*. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate; however, that they should not be considered "available spendable resources" since they do not represent net current assets.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(b) <u>Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, (Continued)</u>

Revenues, expenditures, assets, and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement Nos. 33 and 65 which require that local governments defer grant revenue that is not received within the City's adopted policy of 60 days after the fiscal year ends to meet the "available" criteria of revenue recognition. Therefore recognition of governmental fund type revenue represented by non-current receivables are deferred inflow until they become current receivables. Non-current portions of other long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

Due to the nature of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as *expenditures* in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as *other financing sources* rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted resources, and then from unrestricted resources.

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds

The City's enterprise and internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, the proprietary fund is presented using the *economic resources measurement focus*. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting Entity and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(b) <u>Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, (Continued)</u>

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds, (Continued)

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, taxes, and investment earnings result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not meeting this definition are treated as non-operating expenses. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the enterprise fund financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the enterprise fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the enterprise fund are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure. Private-purpose trust funds are used to report a trust arrangement. All resources of these funds, including any earnings on invested resources, must be used for specific purposes.

(c) <u>Fund Classifications</u>

The City reports the following major funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the City. It accounts for all activities of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund – Used to account for the City's use of emergency and rescue plan activities using ARPA COVID-19 funds received from the Department of Treasury.

Water Enterprise Fund – This fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that costs of providing water utility services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund – Internal service fund is used to account for the City's cost of maintaining and replacing the City's capital assets. City departments are the primary users of these services and are charged a fee on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary funds are used to report a trust arrangement for the Railroad Foundation and Tom Rico Memorial. All resources of these funds, including any earnings on invested resources, must be used for specific purposes as set forth in trust agreement.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting City and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(d) <u>Fund Balances and Spending Policy</u>

In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements, fund balances are classified in the following categories:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – Items that cannot be spent because they are not in a spendable form, such as prepaids and inventories, items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment or revolving loan fund.

<u>Restricted</u> – Restricted fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors, such as through debt covenants, grantors, contributions, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – Committed fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources, the use of which is constrained by limitations that the government imposes upon itself at its highest level of decision making, the City Council is considered the highest authority for the City and approves such commitments through council resolutions. These committed amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the City Council removes or changes the specified use through council resolution.

<u>Assigned</u> – Assigned fund balances encompass the portion of net fund resources reflecting the government's intended use of resources that are neither restricted or committed. Assignment of resources can be done by the highest level of decision making (City Council Resolution) or by a committee or official designated for that purpose. The City Council has authorized the Director of Finance for the purpose to assign fund balance for specific departmental projects.

<u>Unassigned</u> – The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the General Funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. It is the City's policy to consider committed amounts as being reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting City and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(e) <u>Cash and Investments</u>

Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value. These investments are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates. Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* reports interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments. The City's practice is to hold investments until maturity.

As of July 1, 2015, the City adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurements and Application*. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes, applying fair value to investments, and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The City categorized the fair value measurements for its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds except for funds required to be held by the outside fiscal agent under provisions of the loan payable agreement. Interest income earned on pooled cash and investments is allocated quarterly to the funds based on average monthly cash and investment balances. Interest income with cash with fiscal agent is credited directly to the related fund.

(f) <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u>

For purposes of the statement of cash flows the City considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. In addition, cash invested in the City's cash management pool is considered to be cash equivalents.

(g) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets (including additions to infrastructure) are recorded at cost (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets which the measurement is discussed thereafter) where historical records are available and at an estimated original cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets, works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in service concession arrangements are valued at acquisition value at the date of donation. Generally, capital asset purchases in excess of \$5,000 (including infrastructure) are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of one year or more. Capital assets include additions to public domain (infrastructure) general capital assets consisting of certain improvements including roads and streets, curbs, gutters and sidewalks, street lights, signs and signals, park equipment and storm drains. The City chose to value its infrastructure in its entirety (e.g., prior to 1980). Capital assets used in operations are depreciated over their

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting City and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(g) <u>Capital Assets, (Continued)</u>

estimated useful lives using the straight-line method in the government – wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements of the enterprise fund. Depreciation is charged as an expense against operations and accumulated depreciation is reported on the respective balance sheet. The ranges of lives used for depreciation purposes for each capital asset class are as follows:

Buildings and improvements	50 years
Leasehold improvements	10 years
Right of Use Leased Equipment/Subscriptions	3-5 years
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	3-25 years
Infrastructure - Sewer lines	25-50 years
Infrastructure – Storm drain system	20-100 years
Infrastructure - Roadways	30-100 years
Infrastructure – Waterlines	25-50 years
Infrastructure - Other	20-60 years

(h) <u>Inventories and Prepaids</u>

Inventories of water meters and fittings are recorded in the Water Department Enterprise Fund. Inventories in the General Fund consist of street signs. Inventories are stated at cost using the average cost method. Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the current fiscal year are recorded as prepaids. The City uses the consumption method when reporting prepaid items.

(i) <u>Property Taxes</u>

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the date the tax is levied. Taxes are levied annually in August, and are payable annually in two installments in November and March. The County bills and collects the property taxes and remits them to the City in installments during the year. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables in accordance with GASB Code Section P70.

The County is permitted by State Law (Proposition 13) to levy taxes at 1% of full market value (at time of purchase) and can increase the assessed value at no more than two percent per year. The City receives a share of this basic levy.

(j) <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The City accounts for compensated absences in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16. In governmental funds, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures in the year paid, as it is the City's policy to liquidate any unpaid vacation or sick leave at June 30 from future resources rather than currently available expendable resources. Accordingly, the entire unpaid liability for the governmental funds is recorded in the government-wide financial statements as these amounts will be liquidated from future resources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting City and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(k) <u>Deferred Outflows/ Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred outflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred outflows relating to the OPEB and net pension obligation reported in the government-wide statement of net position. These outflows are the results of contributions made after the measurement period, which are expensed in the following year, and of adjustment due to difference in proportions and the difference between actual contributions made and the proportionate share of the risk pool's total contributions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over the expected average remaining service life time. Deferred outflows relating to the reacquisition loss on refunding bonds reported in the government-wide statement of net position and statement of fund position for proprietary funds. These outflows are the results of difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the refunded bonds, which are recognized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the bonds.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for *deferred inflows of resources*. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualifies for reporting in this category which are deferred inflows relating to leases, OPEB, and the net pension obligation reported in the government-wide statement of net position. These inflows are the result of the net difference between present value of future lease revenues, as well as, projected and actual earnings on OPEB and pension plan investments, respectively. The OPEB and pension amounts are deferred and amortized straight-line over a five-year period.

(l) Long-Term Debt and Interest Payable

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the appropriate activities. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are immediately expensed in the Government-Wide Financial Statements in addition to the Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Statements in accordance with GASBs No. 65 and 86. In the Fund Financial Statements, with the exception of advances from other funds, long-term liabilities are not presented. Consequently, long term debt is shown as a reconciling item in the Reconciliation of the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting City and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(1) Long-Term Debt and Interest Payable, (Continued)

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, interest payable on long-term debt is recognized as the liability is incurred for governmental activities and business-type activities. In the Fund Financial Statements, only propriety fund types recognize the interest payable when the liability is incurred.

(m) <u>Net Position Flow Assumption</u>

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, net position are classified in the following categories: *Net Investment in Capital Assets* consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted Net Position are restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted Net position is all net position that do not meet the definition of "invested in capital assets, net of related debt" or "restricted net position."

(n) <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. In addition, estimates affect the reported amount of expenses. Actual results could differ from these estimates and assumptions.

(o) <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Lomita's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

(p) <u>New Accounting Pronouncements</u>

The City adopted Statement on Governmental Accounting Standards (GASB Statements) No. 91-Conduit Debt Obligations and No. 96-Subscription Based Information Technology Software. The adoption of the GASB No. 91 did not significantly impact the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting City and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(p) <u>New Accounting Pronouncements, (Continued)</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset as described in note 1(q) below.

(q) <u>Leases and Subscription Agreements</u>

Lessee: The City is a lessee for a noncancellable lease of equipment and software subscriptions. The City recognizes a lease or subscription agreement liability and an intangible right-to-use lease or subscription agreement asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The City recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease or subscription agreement, the City initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease or subscription agreement term. Subsequently, the liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The lease or subscription agreement asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) payments. The City uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the City generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the City is reasonably certain to exercise.

The City monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease or subscription agreement assets are reported with other capital assets and lease or subscription agreement liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(1) Reporting City and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

(q) <u>Leases, (Continued)</u>

Lessor: The City is a lessor for a noncancellable leases of a portion of real property, as well as, building and roof space. The City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the City initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of the lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Key elements and judgement include how the City determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts. The City uses it estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases. The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included In the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The City monitors changes that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

(2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at June 30, 2023 are reported as follows in the financial statements:

Statement of net position:	
Cash and investments	\$31,257,792
Statement of fiduciary net position:	
Cash and investments	22,052
	\$31,279,844

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Cash and investments at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

Petty cash Demand deposits held by City	\$ 1,550 2,641,734
Investments:	
Negotiable certificates of deposits	13,611,762
US Treasury Notes	996,960
US Government Bonds	4,953,280
Corporate Bonds	1,736,410
Local Agency Investment Fund	7,338,148
Total cash and investments	<u>\$31,279,844</u>

Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk.

Investment Types Authorized by State Law	Authorized By Investment <u>Policy</u>	*Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	*Maximum Percentage <u>Of Portfolio</u>	*Maximum Investment <u>in One Issuer</u>
Local Agency Bonds	No	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Bills	Yes	None	60%	None
U.S. Treasury Notes	Yes	5 years	40%	None
U.S. Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	20%	None
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	10%	None
Commercial Paper	Yes	180 days	10%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	50%	None
Repurchase Agreements	No	1 year	None	None
Passbook savings demand deposits	Yes	5 years	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	No	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	Yes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds that invest only in State of California authorized investments	Yes	5 years	20% combined	None
SEC registered Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	5 years		None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Yes	5 years	\$40,000,000	None

* Based on state law requirements or investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturity (in Years)			
		1 Year 1 to 2 2 to 3 3			
Investment Type		Or less	Years	Years	Years
Negotiable Certificates					
of Deposit	\$ 13,611,762	1,226,538	3,578,171	2,975,589	5,831,464
US Treasury Notes	996,960	996,960	-	-	-
US Government Bonds	4,953,280	-	940,670	1,131,365	2,881,245
Corporate Bonds	1,736,410	-	-	1,315,550	420,860
LAIF	7,338,148	7,338,148			
Total	<u>\$ 28,636,560</u>	<u>9,561,646</u>	<u>4,518,841</u>	<u>5,422,504</u>	<u>9,133,569</u>

Fair Value Classifications

Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical asset assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments categorized as Level 2 are valued using the valuation multiple approach which uses prices in observed transactions (i.e. comparable market prices) at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Investments' fair value measurements are as follows as of June 30, 2023:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Negotiable Certificates				
of Deposit	\$13,611,762	-	13,611,762	-
US Treasury Notes	996,960	-	996,960	-
US Government Bonds	4,953,280	-	4,953,280	-
Corporate Bonds	1,736,410		1,736,410	
Subtotal	21,298,412	-	21,298,412	-
LAIF	7,338,148			
Total Leveled Investments	\$28,636,560			

Investments in LAIF are uncategorized as deposit and withdrawals are made on the basis of \$1 and not fair value.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

				<u>Ratings as o</u>	f Year End	
		Minimum				Not rated
I		Legal				Exempt from
Investment Type		Rating	$\underline{AA+}$	<u>A-</u>	<u>BBB+</u>	Disclosure
Negotiable Certificates						
of Deposit	\$13,611,762	N/A	-	-	-	13,611,762
US Treasury Notes	996,960	N/A	996,960	-	-	-
US Government Bonds	4,953,280	N/A	4,953,280	-	-	-
Corporate Bonds	1,736,410	N/A	-	1,295,800	440,610	-
LAIF	7,338,148	N/A				7,338,148
Total	<u>\$28,636,560</u>		<u>5,950,240</u>	<u>1,295,800</u>	440,610	<u>20,949,910</u>

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the City contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond that stipulated by the California Government Code. The city had no investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities, mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent 5% or more of total City investments.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(2) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for *investments* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits. In the current fiscal year, none of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in collateralized accounts. The City may waive collateral requirements for cash deposits, which are fully insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The City has not agreed to such a waiver.

Investments in State Investment Pool

The City is a participant in LAIF which is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

LAIF had the following limitations:

- Agencies are limited to a deposit amount of \$75 million.
- Please provide LAIF one day prior notice for deposits and withdrawals of \$10 million or more.
- Minimum \$5,000 transaction amount in increments of \$1,000.
- Maximum 15 transactions (combination of deposits and withdrawals) per month.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

Interfund Balances (3)

Interfund balances at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

	Due To Other H	<u>Funds</u> :
/	Non-major Governmental <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Due From Other Funds:		
General Fund	<u>\$121,453</u>	<u>\$121,453</u>

The interfund balances were to eliminate negative cash balances in non-major special revenue funds.

Interfund Transfers (4)

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

			Transfers In:		
		Non-major	Water	Internal	
	General	Governmental	Enterprise	Service	
	<u>Fund</u>	Funds	Fund	Fund	Total
<u>Transfers Out:</u> General Fund American Rescue	\$ -	1,050,000	-	708,480	1,758,480
Plan Act Fund	332,860		<u>1,730,488</u>		2,063,348
Total	<u>\$332,860</u>	<u>1,050,000</u>	<u>1,730,488</u>	708,480	<u>3,821,828</u>

Transfers from the General Fund to the Internal Service fund in the amount of \$708,480 were for internal charges on equipment. Transfers of \$332,860 and \$1,730,488 from the American Rescue Plan Act Fund were to reimburse the General Fund and Water Enterprise Funds for emergency activities, respectively. The transfers were made to fund various capital related projects in the City.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(5) Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Description	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Non-depreciable:				
Land	\$ 4,993,906	_	-	4,993,906
Construction in process	2,598,005	188,478	2,491,157	295,326
Street trees	1,650,378			1,650,378
Total non-depreciable	9,242,289	188,478	2,491,157	6,939,610
-				<u> </u>
Depreciable:	4 533 000			4 500 000
Buildings	4,523,989	-	-	4,523,989
Equipment and furniture	920,306	422,924	16,000	1,327,230
Right-to-use – Leased Equipment	10 117			10 117
Right-to-use – Subscription	19,117	182,735	-	19,117 182,735
Vehicles	442,600	255,995	- 119,699	578,896
Infrastructure	24,698,073	2,631,891	654,608	26,675,356
minustructure	21,090,075	2,031,091		20,012,550
Total depreciable				
capital assets	30,604,085	<u>3,493,545</u>	790,307	<u>33,307,323</u>
T 1.11				
Less accumulated depreciation fo		00 479		2 520 472
Buildings	3,448,994	90,478	-	3,539,472
Equipment and furniture Right-to-use –	610,231	37,255	16,000	631,486
Leased Equipment	3,823	3,823	_	7,646
Right-to-use – Subscription	-	41,500	_	41,500
Vehicles	328,208	19,077	105,345	241,940
Infrastructure	13,256,290	465,048	654,608	13,066,730
		<u>,</u>	<i>i</i>	
Total accumulated				
depreciation	17,647,546	657,181	775,953	<u>17,528,774</u>
Total damas ishla				
Total depreciable capital assets, net	12 056 520	2 826 261	14 254	15 778 540
capital assets, net	12,956,539	<u>2,836,364</u>	14,354	<u>15,778,549</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$22,198,828</u>	<u>3,024,842</u>	<u>2,505,511</u>	<u>22,718,159</u>

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(5) Capital Assets, (Continued)

Business-type Activities:

Dusiness type Henvines.				
Description	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Deletions	Ending <u>Balance</u>
Non-depreciable: Land Construction in process	\$ 70,675 3,548,783	<u>-</u> 1,108,261		70,675 <u>4,497,964</u>
Total non-depreciable	3,619,458	<u>1,108,261</u>	159,080	4,568,639
Depreciable: Equipment and furniture Vehicles Infrastructure	290,217 164,091 <u>32,584,410</u>	31,543 <u>172,133</u>	- - -	290,217 195,634 <u>32,756,543</u>
Total depreciable capital assets	33,038,718	203,676		<u>33,242,394</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for Equipment and furniture Vehicles Infrastructure	or: 204,761 109,673 <u>9,643,962</u>	10,582 8,000 <u>753,322</u>	-	215,343 117,673 <u>10,397,284</u>
Total accumulated depreciation	9,958,396	771,904		<u>10,730,300</u>
Total depreciable capital assets, net	_23,080,322	(568,228)		22,512,094
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$26,699,780</u>	540,033	159,080	<u>27,080,733</u>
Construction commitments: Governmental activities- street p Street Reconstruction – Zone C Lomita/Narbonne Intersection		Expenditu <u>Spent-to-d</u> \$ 108,45 115,07	late <u>Comn</u> 53 \$1,09	
Lomita/Narbonne Intersection115,076767,924Business-type activities-water capital improvements:				

Business-type activities-water capital improver	nents:	
Narbonne South Pipe Replacement	51,326	1,933,674
Cypress Water Production Upgrade	4,618,829	831,171
$246^{\text{th}}-247^{\text{th}}$ Pl - Western	135,389	1,364,527

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(5) Capital Assets, (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged in the following functions in the Statement of Activities:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Business-Type <u>Activities</u>
General Government	\$ 65,531	-
Community Development	1,111	-
Community Services	8,754	-
Public Works	559,964	-
Culture and Recreation	21,821	-
Water		771,904
Total	<u>\$657,181</u>	<u>771,904</u>

(6) Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning <u>Balance</u>	Additions	Deletions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Amounts Due within <u>One Year</u>
	\$ 14,901		3,667	11,234	3,705
Lease payable	\$ 14,901	100 705	,	· · · ·	,
Subscription Lease payable	-	182,735	41,500	141,235	36,525
Compensated absences (1)	534,823	298,287	207,614	625,496	125,099
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 549,724</u>	481,022	252,781	777,965	165,329
Business-type Activities:					
Bonds payable:					
Bonds, series 2021	5,744,000	-	328,000	5,416,000	332,000
Bond premium	111,549	-	6,370	105,179	6,370
Compensated absences (2)	281,738	157,514	128,350	310,901	62,180
Compensated absences (2)	201,750	157,514	120,550	510,901	02,100
Total business-type activities	6,137,287	157,514	462,720	5,832,080	400,550
Total	<u>\$ 6,686,991</u>	638,536	715,501	6,610,045	565,879

(1) Compensated absences for government activities have typically been liquidated by the General Fund.

(2) Compensated absences for business-type activities have typically been liquidated by the Water Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(6) Long-term Liabilities, (Continued)

2021 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds:

On July 15, 2021, the City issued the 2021 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$6,081,000 to refinance the 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$5,995,000. The purpose of the original 2008 bond issue was for capital improvements to the City's water system (2008 Project). Principal payments are due in annual installments ranging from \$337,000 to \$450,000, commencing June 1, 2022 through June 1, 2037. The bonds accrue interest at a rate of 2.42%. Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, commencing on December 1, 2021. The bonds are payable solely from the net revenues of the water system of the city. Principal and interest paid for the current year, and net revenues were \$465,008and \$1,238,100, respectively. At June 30, 2023, the ratio of the debt service payments due to the net revenues during fiscal year 2023 was .38 (38%). Upon default by the City as defined in the bonds' installment purchase agreement, the Authority will declare the unpaid principal and accrued interest due and payable immediately.

The bond agreement for the Water Revenue Refunding Bonds requires the city to pledge its annual net revenues (defined as total revenues (including interest and gains) for the fiscal year less operation and maintenance costs (excluding depreciation and amortization)) in an amount equal to at least 125% of the annual debt service requirement for each fiscal year through final maturity of the bonds on June 1, 2037 or early retirement of the bonds, which ever first occurs. The amount of annual net revenues equaled 221% of the annual debt service requirement in fiscal year 2023. As of June 30, 2023, the amount of the bonds outstanding was \$5,416,000 and the City's legal debt margin was \$109,932,708.

<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$ 332.000	129.034	461,034
341,000	120,952	461,952
350,000	112,663	462,663
359,000	104,133	463,133
367,000	95,396	462,396
1,989,000	337,602	2,326,602
1,678,000	89,226	1,767,226
<u>\$5,416,000</u>	989,006	6,405,006
	332,000 341,000 350,000 359,000 367,000 1,989,000 1,678,000	\$ 332,000 129,034 341,000 120,952 350,000 112,663 359,000 104,133 367,000 95,396 1,989,000 337,602 1,678,000 89,226

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(7) Leases

Leases Payable

In January 2022, the City entered into a five-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of equipment. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$18,724 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the lease liability was \$11,234. The City is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$319 for the equipment. The lease has an interest rate of 1.05%. The equipment has a five-year estimated useful life. The value of the right-to-use asset as of June 30, 2023 was \$19,117 less accumulated amortization of \$7,646.

Subscription Agreements Payable

In September 2022, the City entered into a 60 month subscription for the use of budgeting software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$90,910. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$74,410. The City is required to make annual fixed payments ranging from \$20,000 to \$23,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 6.0%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 was \$90,910 with accumulated amortization of \$16,500.

In May 2022, the City entered into a 60 month subscription for the use of license and permit software. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$91,825. As of June 30, 2023, the value of the subscription liability is \$66,825. The City is required to make annual fixed payments of \$25,000. The subscription has an interest rate of 6.0%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2023 was \$91,825 with accumulated amortization of \$25,000.

The following future principal and interest payments on the leases payable and subscription agreements payable for June 30 are as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 40,348	8,593	48,941
2025	43,540	6,362	49,902
2026	46,974	3,939	50,913
2027	21,607	1,311	22,918
Total	<u>\$152,469</u>	20,205	172,674

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(7) Leases, (Continued)

Leases Receivable

Prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City leased several real property to a third party which was recognized in fiscal year June 30, 2022 as a result of implementing GASB 87. The lease term is for 5 years and the City will receive monthly payments ranging from approximately \$41,615 to \$46,140. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized \$42,182 in lease revenue and \$890 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to the lease. As of June 30, 2023, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$85,410. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with the lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$128,116.

Prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the City leased a portion of building roof top space to a third party which was recognized in fiscal year June 30, 2022 as a result of implementing GASB 87. The lease term is for 5 years and the City will receive monthly payments of \$29,170. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the City recognized \$28,567 in lease revenue and \$603 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to the lease. As of June 30, 2023, the City's receivable for lease payments was \$57,770. Also, the City has a deferred inflow of resources associated with the lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2023, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$85,115.

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Plan Description: All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the City of Lomita's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plans, cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and City of Lomita resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided: CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Public Employees' Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) requires new benefits and member contributions for new members as defined by PEPRA, that are hired after January 1, 2013. These PEPRA members in pooled plans are reflected in the new Miscellaneous and Safety risk pools created by the CalPERS Board in response to the passage of PEPRA, beginning with the June 30, 2013, risk-pool valuations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows: Miscellaneous

	wiscenatious			
	Prior to	February 28, 2012 to	On or after	
Hire Date	February 28, 2012	January 31, 2013	January 31, 2013	
Benefit formula	2.5% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	
Retirement age	50-55	50-63	52 - 67	
Monthly benefits, as a % of compensation	2.0% to 2.5%	1.092% to 2.418%	1.0% to 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rates	8.00%	7.00%	6.75%	
Required contribution rates: Normal cost rate Payment of unfunded liability	12.20% \$845,955	8.65% \$7,265	7.59% \$6,601	

Contributions: Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for both Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City of Lomita is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. Contributions to the pension plan were \$1,073,677 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - As of June 30, 2023, the City of Lomita reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of \$10,033,856.

The City's net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability of the collective cost-sharing plan. The City's net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, rolled forward to June 30, 2022, using standard update procedures. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the City's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Miscellaneous Plan as of the June 30, 2021 and 2022 measurement dates was as follows:

Proportion – June 30, 2021	0.28718%
Proportion – June 30, 2022	0.21443%
-	
Change – Increase/(Decrease)	(0.07275)%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the City of Lomita recognized pension credit of \$966,340. At June 30, 2023, the City of Lomita reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 1,073,677	\$ -
Difference between expected and actual		
experience	201,499	(134,956)
Changes in proportions	20,188	(538,604)
Difference between actual and projected		
contributions	-	(346,285)
Difference between actual and projected		
Investment earnings	1,837,936	-
Changes in assumptions	1,028,179	
Total	\$4,161,479	\$ (1,019,845)

\$1,028,178 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

\$ 394,078
355,900
193,834
1,124,145
\$ 2,067,957

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	Miscellaneous		
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021		
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal		
	Cost Method		
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Discount Rate	6.90%		
Inflation	2.75%		
Payroll Growth	3.0%		
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age		
	and Service		
Investment Rate of Return	7.375% (1)		
Mortality	(2)		

(1) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

(2) The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS' specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale AA.

The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of a actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the City's contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contributions rates and the employee rate. Based on those assumptions, each pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations. Using historical returns of all of the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the next 20 years using a building-block approach. The expected rate of return was then adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses of 10 Basis points. The expected real rates of return by asset class are as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plans, (Continued)

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return 1-10 (a)(b)
115501 01055	mocation	1 10 (0)(0)
Global equity-Cap-weighted	30.0%	4.54%
Global equity-Non-Cap-weighted	12.0%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.0%	7.28%
Treasury	5.0%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.0%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.0%	1.56%
High Yield	5.0%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.0%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.0%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.0%	3.21%
Leverage	(5.0%)	(0.59)%
Total	100%	. ,

(a) An expected inflation of 2.30% used for this period.

(b) Figures are based on the 2021 Asset Liability Management study.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the City's proportionate share of net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.90 percent), or 1-percentage point higher (7.90 percent), than the current rate:

	Miscellaneous
1% Decrease	5.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$14,659,636
Current Discount Rate	6.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$10,033,856
1% Increase	7.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$6,227,986

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(9) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description - In addition to the pension benefits described above, the City provides retiree health insurance benefits. The City contracts with the Public Employee's Retirement System to provide benefits to retirees under the Employees' Hospital and Medical Care Act. Employees who retire from the City may elect to continue their medical insurance through the available PERS plans. When retirees reach 65, they must enroll on Medicare and then may select a Medicare supplemental plan through the PERS insurance plans. This is a defined, single employee benefit plan with the City paying the minimum allowed contribution and the employees paying the balance of the selected plan premium. Changes to the plan require a resolution approved by the City Council and submitted to PERS.

Employee Covered – As of June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation, the following current and former employees were covered by the benefit terms under the plan:

Active employees	48
Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently	
receiving benefits	28
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet	
receiving benefits	<u> </u>
Total	<u>76</u>

Contributions - Currently, the City funds retiree healthcare benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The City recognizes expenditure for its share of the annual premiums as these benefits become due. For fiscal year 2022-2023, the City paid \$207,859 for benefits of 28 retired employees.

Net OPEB Liability - The City of Lomita net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OEPB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date June 30, 2023 that was rolled forward to determine the June 30, 2023 total OPEB liability, based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	4.13%
Projected Salary Increase	2.75%
General Inflation	2.75%
Mortality	Varies (1)

(1) The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of a actuarial experience study for the period 1997 to 2011. Further details of the Experience Study can be found on the CalPERS website.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(9) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB), (Continued)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the OPEB liability was 4.13 percent, which was based on the published change in return for the applicable municipal bond index.

The Changes in the net OPEB liability for the plan are as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plar Fiduci Net Pos (b)	ary ition	Net OPEB Liability/ (Asset) (c)=(a)-(b)		
Balance at Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/22						
Measurement Date 6/30/22	\$4,773,098	\$	-	\$4,773,098		
Changes During the Period:			-			
Service Cost	144,587		-	144,587		
Interest Cost	196,925		-	196,925		
Expected Investment Income	-		-	-		
Employer Contributions	-	20	7,859	(207,859)		
Changes of Benefit Terms	-		-	-		
Benefit Payments	(207,859)	(20	7,859)	-		
Assumption Changes	(1,339)		-	(1,339)		
Plan Experience	4,944		-	4,944		
Investment Experience	-		-	-		
Recognized Deferred Resources	-		-	-		
Employer Contributions Subsequent						
to Measurement Date	-		-	-		
Net Changes in Fiscal Year 2022-23	137,258		-	137,258		
Balance at Fiscal Year Ending 6/30/23				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Measurement Date 6/30/23	\$4,910,356	\$	-	\$4,910,356		

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the City of Lomita's' OPEB liability, calculated using the discount rate, as well as what the City's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

1% Decrease	3.13%
OPEB Liability	\$5,601,153
-	
Current Discount Rate	4.13%
OPEB Liability	\$4,910,356
1% Increase	5.13%
OPEB Liability	\$4,345,754

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(9) Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB), (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trends – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the City of Lomita if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate, for the measurement period June 30, 2023:

1% Decrease	5.5% decreasing to 2.83%
OPEB Liability	\$4,300,769
Current Healthcare Rate	6.5% decreasing to 3.83%
OPEB Liability	\$4,910,356
1% Increase	7.5% decreasing to 4.83%
OPEB Liability	\$5,665,798

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City of Lomita recognized OPEB expense of \$182,845. As of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the City of Lomita reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Change in assumptions	\$ 323,064	(1,171,485)
Differences between expected and actuarial experience in measurement		
of the Total OPEB Liability	4,238	(838,080)
Total	\$ 327,302	(2,009,565)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	
2024	\$ (227,401)
2025	(227,401)
2026	(227,401)
2027	(227,401)
2028	(227,395)
Thereafter	(545,264)
	\$(1,682,263)

(10) Risk Management

A. <u>Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement</u>: The City of Lomita is a member of the CALIFORNIA JOINT POWERS INSURANCE AUTHORITY (Authority). The Authority is composed of 124 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(10) Risk Management, (Continued)

began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

B. <u>Primary Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority</u>: Each member pays an annual contribution at the beginning of the coverage period. A retrospective adjustment is then conducted annually thereafter, for coverage years 2012-13 and prior. Coverage years 2013-14 and forward are not subject to routine annual retrospective adjustment. The total funding requirement for primary self insurance programs is based on an actuarial analysis. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on payroll and claims history, relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool.

<u>Primary Liability Program</u>: Claims are pooled separately between police and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$100,000 to \$500,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$500,000 to \$50 million, are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. The overall coverage limit for each member, including all layers of coverage, is \$50 million per occurrence. Subsidence losses also have a \$50 million per occurrence limit. The coverage structure is composed of a combination of pooled self-insurance, reinsurance, and excess insurance. Additional information concerning the coverage structure is available on the Authority's website: https://cjpia.org/coverage/risk-sharing-pools/.

<u>Primary Workers' Compensation Program</u>: Claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and general government exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$75,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$75,000 to \$200,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs from \$200,000 to statutory limits are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. For 2022-23 the Authority's pooled retention is \$1 million per occurrence, with reinsurance to statutory limits under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$1 million. Coverage from \$1 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

C. <u>Purchased Insurance</u>: <u>Pollution Legal Liability Insurance</u> The City of Lomita participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Lomita. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$250,000 deductible. The Authority has an aggregate limit of \$20 million.

<u>Property Insurance</u>: The City of Lomita participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Lomita

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(10) Risk Management, (Continued)

property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Lomita to the Authority. City of Lomita property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$37,590,882. There is a \$10,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$2,500 deductible.

<u>Earthquake and Flood</u> Insurance: The City of Lomita purchases earthquake and flood insurance on a portion of its property. The earthquake insurance is part of the property protection insurance program of the Authority. City of Lomita property currently has earthquake protection in the amount of \$7,205,100. There is a deductible of 5% per unit of value with a minimum deductible of \$100,000.

<u>Crime Insurance</u>: The City of Lomita purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority.

<u>Special Event Tenant User Liability Insurance</u>: The City of Lomita further protects against liability damages by requiring tenant users of certain property to purchase low-cost tenant user liability insurance for certain activities on agency property. The insurance premium is paid by the tenant user and is paid to the City of Lomita according to a schedule. The City of Lomita then pays for the insurance. The insurance is facilitated by the Authority.

D. <u>Adequacy of Protection</u>: During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2022-23.

(11) Commitments and Contingencies

- A. Lawsuits in the Normal Course of Business: The City is presently involved in certain matters of litigation that have arisen in the normal course of conducting City business. City management believes, based upon consultation with the City Attorney, that these cases, in the aggregate, are not expected to result in a material adverse financial impact on the City. Additionally, City management believes that the City's insurance programs are sufficient to cover any potential losses should an unfavorable outcome materialize.
- B. Federal and State Grant Programs: The City participates in several federal and state grant programs. These programs have been audited by the City's independent auditors in accordance with the provisions of the federal Single Audit Act, as amended and applicable state requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits. However, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time.
- C. Ongoing Operations: The City's operations may be affected by the recent and ongoing outbreak of COVID-19, which was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. The ultimate disruption which may be caused by the outbreak is uncertain; however, possible effects may include, but are not limited to, a reduction in certain tax revenues and a decline in the value of investments, which could have an impact on the City's financial position and operating results. There is significant uncertainty as to the severity and longevity of the outbreak and City management is in the process of evaluating the impact on the City and its financial statements.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(12) Classification of Fund Balances

The City follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. GASB 54 established fund balance classification based largely upon the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund statements conform to the new classification and are summarized as follows as of June 30, 2023:

N 111	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>ARPA</u> <u>Special</u> <u>Revenue</u> <u>Fund</u>	<u>Non-major</u> <u>Governmental</u> <u>Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Nonspendable	A			4.000
Prepaids	\$ -	-	4,030	4,030
Inventory	22,805			22,805
Total Nonspendable	22,805		4,030	26,835
Restricted				
Street Maintenance	-	-	1,232,871	1,232,871
Public Transportation	-	-	598,536	598,536
Clean Air Act Programs	-	-	61,412	61,412
Safe Clean Water Program	-	-	505,112	505,112
Landscape Maintenance	-	-	10,567	10,567
Park Improvement	-	-	618,547	618,547
Park Athletic Program	-	-	95,031	95,031
Low Mod Housing & CDBG	-	-	942,453	942,453
Law Enforcement, CLEEP			6,351	6.351
Total Restricted			4,070,880	4,070,880
Committed				
Street Improvement	-	-	3,834,124	3,834,124
Stephenson Center	85,744			85,744
Total Committed	85,744		3,834,124	3,919,868
Assigned				
Facilities Improvement	367,744	-	-	367,744
Capital Improvement	-	-	188,430	188,430
Street Improvement	-	-	2,108,289	2,108,289
Reserve Appropriations	5,000,000	-	-	5,000,000
Economic Stabilization	500,000	-	-	500,000
OPEB Trust	256,548	-	-	256,548
Economic Development	746,507	-	-	746,507
General Plan Update	804,754	-	-	804,754
Pension Stabilization	1,346,646			1,346,646
Total Assigned	9,022,199		2,296,719	<u>11,318,918</u>
Unassigned		1,336,976	(106,537)	2,761,741
Totals	\$10,662,050		10,099,216	22,098,242

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

(13) Other Required Disclosures

Deficit Fund Balances

The following funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2023:

Non-major Special Revenue Funds:

Measure R Highway

\$106,537 (a)

(a) The deficit fund balance was due to actual expenses exceeding the reimbursable revenues.

(14) Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through ______, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined that there are no transactions that will have a significant impact on the City.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF LOMITA Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2023

Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	Jur	Combined he 30, 2022 ¹ Fiscal Year 2022-23		Combined ane 30, 2021 ¹ Fiscal Year 2021-22	Ju	Combined ne 30, 2020 ¹ Fiscal Year 2020-21	Ju	Combined me 30, 2019 ¹ Fiscal Year 2019-20
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.08687%		0.28718%		0.20399%		0.20145%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	10,033,856	\$	5,453,063	\$	8,604,362	\$	8,067,243
Covered payroll ²	\$	3,406,756	\$	3,250,441	\$	3,280,589	\$	3,254,459
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability (asset) as percentage of covered payroll		294.53%		167.76%		262.28%		247.88%
Plan's fiduciary net position	\$ 16	5,770,671,339	\$ 1	8,065,791,524	\$ 1·	4,702,361,183	\$ 1	3,979,687,268
Plan's total pension liability	\$ 21	,449,898,398	\$ 1	9,964,594,105	\$ 1	8,920,437,526	\$ 1	7,984,188,264
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.43%		83.07%		72.81%		73.65%

1 Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

2 Covered Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered payroll as the total of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll-related ratios.

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit Changes: The figures above do not include any liability impact that may have resulted from plan changes which occurred after June 30, 2015. This applies for voluntary benefit changes as well as any offers of Two Years Additional Service Credit (a.k.a. Golden Handshakes)

The City's defined benefit pension plan is held in a trust. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P%@.101 to pay related benefits for the Pension plan.

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

Jui	C ombined ne 30, 2018 ¹ Fiscal Year 2018-19	Combined June 30, 2017 ¹ Fiscal Year 2017-18		Combined June 30, 2016 ¹ Fiscal Year 2016-17		Combined June 30, 2015 ¹ Fiscal Year 2015-16		Jui	C ombined ne 30, 2014 ¹ Fiscal Year 2014-15
	0.21502%		0.22854%		0.23230%		0.18033%		0.22994%
\$	8,103,476	\$	9,009,203	\$	8,069,774	\$	6,841,270	\$	5,682,932
\$	3,191,154	\$	3,090,957	\$	2,926,047	\$	2,938,496	\$	2,954,990
	253.94%		291.47%		275.79%		232.82%		192.32%
\$ 13	3,122,440,092	\$ 12	2,074,499,781	\$ 10),923,476,287	\$ 10),896,036,068	\$ 10),639,461,174
\$ 16	5,891,153,209	\$ 16	,016,547,402	\$ 14	4,397,353,530	\$ 13	8,639,503,084	\$ 13	3,110,948,452

/2.20% 0/.95% 08.05% /2.19% /0.55%	72.20%	67.95%	68.65%	72.19%	76.35%
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Schedule of Plan Contributions¹ June 30, 2023

Cost Sharing Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years *

	Combined Fiscal Year 2022-23 ¹	Combined Fiscal Year 2021-22 ¹	Combined Fiscal Year 2020-21 ¹	Combined Fiscal Year 2019-20 ¹
Actuarially determined contribution ²	\$ 955,758	\$ 862,587	\$ 782,589	\$ 808,631
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions ²	<u>\$ (955,758)</u>	<u>\$ (862,587)</u>	<u>\$ (782,589)</u>	<u>\$ (1,282,850)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	<u>\$ (474,219)</u>
Covered payroll ³	\$ 3,406,756	\$ 3,250,441	\$ 3,280,589	\$ 3,254,459
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll ³	28.05%	26.54%	23.86%	39.42%

1 Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

2 Employee are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions. However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as "side funds" do not conform to the circumstances described in paragraph 120 of GASB 68, therefore are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.

3 Covered Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer. However, GASB 68 defines covered-employee payroll as the total of employees that are provided pensions through the pension plan. Accordingly, if pensionable earnings are different than total earnings for covered-employees, total earnings for covered-employees, the employer should display in the disclosure footnotes the payroll based on total earnings for the covered group and recalculate the required payroll-related ratios.

Notes to Schedule:

The actuarial methods and assumptions used to set the actuarially determined contributions for Fiscal 2018-19 were from the June 30, 2018 public agency valuations.

Actuarial cost method	Entry-age
Amortization method/period	For detail, see June 30, 2018 Funding Valuation Report
Asset valuation method	Actuarial Value of Assets. For details see June 30, 2018 Funding
	Valuation Report.
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service
Payroll growth	3.00%
Investment rate of return	7.5% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative expenses,
	includes inflation
Retirement age	The probabilities of Retirement are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience
	Study for the period from 1997 to 2007.
Mortality	The probabilities of mortality are based on the 2010 CalPERS Experience
	Study for the period from 1997 to 2007. Pre-retirement and Post-Retirement
	mortality rates included 5 years of projected mortality improvement using
	Scale AA published by the Society of Actuaries.

The City's defined benefit pension plan is held in a trust. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P%@.101 to pay related benefits for the Pension plan.

* - Fiscal year 2015 was the 1st year of implementation, therefore only nine years are shown.

Combined	Combined	Combined	Combined	Combined
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
2018-19 ¹	2017-18 ¹	2016-17 ¹	2015-16 ¹	2014-15 ¹
\$ 837,192	\$ 781,413	\$ 730,301	\$ 562,071	\$ 550,065
\$ (1,420,192)	\$ (781,413)	\$ (730,301)	<u>\$ (562,071)</u>	\$ (550,065)
\$ (583,000)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ -	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
\$ 3,191,154	\$ 3,090,957	\$ 2,926,047	\$ 2,938,496	\$ 3,112,108
44.50%	25.28%	24.96%	\$ 2,938,490 19.13%	17.67%

Schedule of Changes in the Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios for the Measurement Periods Ended June 30

Measurement Period	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability					
Service cost	\$ 144,587	\$ 228,517	\$ 198,117	\$ 204,755	\$ 181,090
Interest on the total OPEB Liability	196,925	156,877	174,777	189,858	190,222
Actual and expected					
experience difference	4,944	(951,276)	(157,118)	(208,583)	-
Changes in assumptions	(1,339)	(1,504,719)	516,900	506,719	321,438
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(207,859)	(181,233)	(159,321)	(127,296)	(120,887)
Net change in total OPEB liability	137,258	(2,251,834)	573,355	565,453	571,863
Total OPEB liability - beginning	4,773,098	7,024,932	6,451,577	5,886,124	5,314,261
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 4,910,356	\$ 4,773,098	\$ 7,024,932	\$ 6,451,577	\$ 5,886,124
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position					
Contribution - employer	\$ 207,859	\$ 181,233	\$ 159,321	\$ 127,296	\$ 120,887
Net investment income	-	-	-	-	-
Benefit payments	(207,859)	(181,233)	(159,321)	(127,296)	(120,887)
Administrative expense					
Net change in plan fiduciary					
net postion	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position -					
beginning	-				
Plan fiduciary net position -					
ending (b)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	\$ 4,910,356	\$ 4,773,098	\$ 7,024,932	\$ 6,451,577	\$ 5,886,124
Covered employee payroll	4,104,780	3,513,344	3,455,483	3,363,000	3,105,000
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	119.6%	135.9%	203.3%	191.8%	189.6%

Notes to Schedule

Historical information is required only for mesurement periods for which GASB 75 is applicable. Future years' information will be displayed up to 10 years as information becomes available.

The City's OPEB plan is held in a trust. There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P22.101 or P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

Measurement Period	2018
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 179,837
Interest on the total OPEB Liability	179,461
Actual and expected	
experience difference	-
Changes in assumptions	(86,699)
Changes in benefit terms	-
Benefit payments	(113,517)
Net change in total OPEB liability	159,082
Total OPEB liability - beginning	5,155,179
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 5,314,261
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	
Contribution - employer	\$ 113,517
Net investment income	-
Benefit payments	(113,517)
Administrative expense	-
Net change in plan fiduciary	
net postion	-
Plan fiduciary net position -	
beginning	
Plan fiduciary net position -	
ending (b)	<u>\$</u>
Net OPEB liability - ending (a)-(b)	<u>\$ 5,314,261</u>
Covered employee payroll	3,191,154
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	166.5%

General Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget Aı	nounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes and assessments	\$ 8,314,211	8,557,420	8,767,726	210,306
Intergovernmental	2,990,500	3,690,500	3,730,910	40,410
Licenses and permits	1,201,000	1,209,000	2,056,329	847,329
Fines and forfeitures	490,892	517,892	818,565	300,673
Investment income (loss)	101,000	203,000	(341,239)	(544,239)
Rental income	250,000	250,000	242,308	(7,692)
Other revenue	102,500	379,500	393,388	13,888
Total revenues	13,450,103	14,807,312	15,667,987	860,675
Expenditures:				
Current:				
General government	4,225,213	4,452,946	3,961,115	491,831
Community development	889,751	1,150,955	1,124,403	26,552
Public works	655,462	664,733	569,643	95,090
Public safety	4,730,921	4,745,921	4,642,386	103,535
Culture and recreation	1,850,255	1,914,955	1,795,502	119,453
Capital outlay	-	-	182,735	(182,735)
Principal			41,500	(41,500)
Total expenditures	12,351,602	12,929,510	12,317,284	612,226
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	1,098,501	1,877,802	3,350,703	1,472,901
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	704,500	1,116,483	332,860	(783,623)
Transfers out	(1,500,000)	(2,492,103)	(1,758,480)	733,623
Proceeds from subscription leases			182,735	182,735
Total other financing sources (uses)	(795,500)	(1,375,620)	(1,242,885)	132,735
Net change in fund balances	303,001	502,182	2,107,818	1,605,636
Fund balance, beginning of year	8,554,232	8,554,232	8,554,232	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 8,857,233	9,056,414	10,662,050	1,605,636

American Rescue Plan Act Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Variance with
				Final Budget
	Budget A	mounts	Actual	Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,430,488	2,430,488	2,430,488	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	2,430,488	2,430,488	2,430,488	
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	(2,132,988)	(2,063,348)	(2,063,348)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,132,988)	(2,063,348)	(2,063,348)	
Net change in fund balances	297,500	367,140	367,140	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	969,836	969,836	969,836	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$ 1,267,336	1,336,976	1,336,976	_

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2023

(1) Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City prepares its budgets on the modified accrual basis and, accordingly, the budget amounts included in the accompanying financial statements are presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Each year, the City Administrator submits a proposed budget to the City Council during early May. The City Council holds budget hearings during May and early June. The final budget is adopted by the City Council during late June. Funds that have irregular activity are not budgeted, hence, not budget is adopted for the Measure R Highway Special Revenue Fund. The legal level of control of which expenditures cannot exceed appropriations is at the functional level. The City Council is informed of expenditures over appropriations and such amounts are informally approved as a part of the bi-monthly review of the demand warrants.

The City holds a mid-year budget review meeting. During the meeting, all budget expenditures are reviewed and projections for the whole year are made.

Unexpended and unencumbered appropriations of the governmental funds automatically lapse at the end of the year.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The following funds have been classified as non-major funds in the accompanying financial statements. **SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS:**

State Gas Tax Fund - Used to account for monies received from the State and County for gas sales.

Measure M Fund - Used to account for street improvement projects on a cost reimbursement basis.

Measure R Fund - Used to account for street improvement projects.

Transportation Development Act Fund - Used to account for funds received from the State for improvements of local streets and roads.

Community Development Block Grant Fund - Used to account for federal grants for programs benefiting low-income persons and/or families.

Measure R Highway Fund - Used to account for street improvement projects on a cost reimbursement basis.

Proposition A Fund - Used to account for the City's share of Proposition A Local Return Funds from County sales tax dollars.

Air Quality Plan AB **2766** *Fund* - Used to account for funds received from the South Coast AQMD that were derived from clean air fees.

Park Grant Fund - Used to account for the grant funds received for park development and improvements.

Landscape Maintenance Fund - Used to account for assessment funds collected on property tax bills for Landscape Maintenance District #1.

Park Facilities Fund - Used to account for Park Development Tax and QUIMBY Act funds.

Park Athletic Fund - Used to account for user charges for park athletic programs.

Proposition C Fund - Used to account for Proposition C local return revenues received from County sales tax dollars.

Lomita Manor Development Fund - Used to account for the local U.S. HUD conventional housing programs of the City-owned senior housing complex, Lomita Manor.

CLEEP Fund - Used to account for the purchase of specialized equipment and software to enhance public safety.

Measure W Fund - Used to fund projects dedicated to increase local water supply, improve water quality, and protect public health.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS:

Capital Improvement Fund - Used to account for the acquisition, construction and improvement of capital facilities and infrastructure. The projects are funded by transfers from the General Fund.

Street Improvement Fund - Used to account for the acquisition, construction and improvement of street improvements and infrastructure. The projects are funded by transfers from the General Fund.

Non-major Governmental Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2023

		Specia	l Revenue Fun	ıds	
	 State Gas Tax	Measure M	Measure R	Transportation Development Act	Community Development Block Grant
ASSETS					
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$ 1,177,658	724,962	678,408	-	-
Accounts Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments Prepaid items	 158,952	-	-	20,621	3,240
Total assets	\$ 1,336,610	724,962	678,408	20,621	3,240
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 63,969 39,770	5,193	-	7,083	1,860 -
Deposits payable Due to other funds	 -	-	- 	- 13,538	1,378
Total liabilities	 103,739	5,193		20,621	3,238
DEFERRED IN FLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Unavailable revenue	 				
Total deferred in flows of resources	 				
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable	_	_	_	_	_
Restricted	1,232,871	-	-	-	2
Committed	-	719,769	678,408	-	-
Assigned Unassigned	 -	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	 1,232,871	719,769	678,408		2
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$ 1,336,610	724,962	678,408	20,621	3,240

		Special Revent	ie Funds		
Measure R Highway	Proposition A	Air Quality Plan AB 2766	Park Grant	Landscape Maintenance	Parks Facilities
-	630,820	64,531	50,000	9,882	578,347
-	- -	- -	-	- 685	- -
191,559	-	6,881	-	-	-
191,559	630,820	71,412	50,000	10,567	578,347
-	31,223 1,061	10,000 -	9,800 -	-	-
106,537					
106,537	32,284	10,000	9,800		
191,559					
191,559					
_	_	-	_	-	-
-	598,536	61,412	40,200	10,567	578,347
-	-	-	-	-	-
(106,537)					
(106,537)	598,536	61,412	40,200	10,567	578,347
191,559	630,820	71,412	50,000	10,567	578,347

Non-major Governmental Funds, Continued

Combining Balance Sheet

June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds					
		Park Athletic	Proposition C	Lomita Manor Development	CLEEP	Measure W
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	102,978	2,435,947	1,022,723	6,351	515,978
Receivables: Accounts						
Taxes		-	-	-	-	-
Due from other governments		-	-	-	-	-
Prepaid items		-		4,030		
Total assets	\$	102,978	2,435,947	1,026,753	6,351	515,978
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Accounts payable	\$	7,947	-	53,962	-	10,866
Accrued liabilities		-	-	-	-	-
Deposits payable Due to other funds		-	-	26,310	-	-
		-				
Total liabilities		7,947		80,272		10,866
DEFERRED IN FLOWS OF RESOUR	CES	5				
Unavailable revenue		-	-	-	-	-
Total deferred in flows						
of resources						
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		-	-	4,030	-	-
Restricted		95,031	-	942,451	6,351	505,112
Committed		-	2,435,947	-	-	-
Assigned Unassigned		-	-	-	-	-
Chassigned					·	
Total fund balances		95,031	2,435,947	946,481	6,351	505,112
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
and fund balances	\$	102,978	2,435,947	1,026,753	6,351	515,978

Capital Proj	ects Funds	
		Total
		Non-major
Capital	Street	Governmental
Improvement	Improvement	Funds
188,430	2,151,690	10,338,705
-	-	-
-	-	685
-	-	381,253
		4,030
188,430	2,151,690	10,724,673
-	43,401	240,111
-	-	46,024
-	-	26,310
		121,453
	43,401	433,898
-	-	191,559
-	-	191,559
-	-	4,030
-	-	4,070,880
-	-	3,834,124
188,430	2,108,289	2,296,719
		(106,537)
188,430	2,108,289	10,099,216
100.400	A 1 F 1 (AA)	
188,430	2,151,690	10,724,673

Non-major Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds				
	State Gas Tax	Measure M	Measure R	Transportation Development Act	Community Development Block Grant
Revenues:					
Taxes and assessments	\$ 530,463	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	467,262	377,811	333,987	20,621	50,809
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	20,150	12,590	12,003	-	-
Rental income Other revenue	- 10,985	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	1,028,860	390,401	345,990	20,621	50,809
	1,020,000		545,770	20,021	
Expenditures: Current:					
Community services					
Public works	504,393	-	- 5,680	- 14,643	- 50,808
Culture and recreation	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	78,474	114,335	104,479	-	-
Total expenditures	582,867	114,335	110,159	14,643	50,808
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	445,993	276,066	235,831	5,978	1
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in					<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)				<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	445,993	276,066	235,831	5,978	1
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	786,878	443,703	442,577	(5,978)	1
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 1,232,871	719,769	678,408	<u> </u>	2

	ç	Special Reven	ue Funds		
Measure R Highway	Proposition A	Air Quality Plan AB 2766	Park Grant	Landscape Maintenance	Parks Facilities
				11 651	116,684
-	537,023	27,237	-	11,651	-
-	-	-	-	_	-
-	8,818	-	-	-	-
-	13,351	1,126	-	128	9,870
-	-	-	-	-	-
-					
	559,192	28,363		11,779	126,554
-	1,121,844	-	-	-	-
-	-	20,000	-	6,212	-
-	-	-	9,800	-	-
-			-		-
	1,121,844	20,000	9,800	6,212	
	(562,652)	8,363	(9,800)	5,567	126,554
	(302,032)	0,505	(9,000)		120,55
-			50,000		
-	-	-	50,000	-	-
-	(562,652)	8,363	40,200	5,567	126,554
(106,537)	1,161,188	53,049		5,000	451,793
(106,537)	598,536	61,412	40,200	10,567	578,34

Non-major Governmental Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, Continued For the Year ended June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds				
	Lomita Park Manor Athletic Proposition C Development CLEEP Measur				Maagura W
Revenues:	Athletic	<u>FIOPOSILIOII C</u>	Development	CLEEF	Measure W
Taxes and assessments	\$-	_	_	-	_
Intergovernmental	Ψ -	445,445	403,986	-	526,909
Licenses and permits	56,156	-	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	1,900	45,818	13,292	130	3,668
Rental income	-	-	326,863	-	-
Other revenue	180		408		
Total revenues	58,236	491,263	744,549	130	530,577
Expenditures: Current:					
Community services	-	-	559,604	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	132,343
Culture and recreation	43,403	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay		10,560			
Total expenditures	43,403	10,560	559,604		132,343
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	14,833	480,703	184,945	130	398,234
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in					
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	
Net change in fund balances	14,833	480,703	184,945	130	398,234
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	80,198	1,955,244	761,536	6,221	106,878
Fund balances (deficit),					
end of year	\$ 95,031	2,435,947	946,481	6,351	505,112

Capital Pro		
		Total
		Non-major
Capital	Street	Governmental
Improvement	Improvement	Funds
-	-	658,798
-	-	3,191,090
-	-	56,156
-	-	8,818
3,857	28,572	166,455
-	-	326,863
		11,573
3,857	28,572	4,419,753
-	-	1,681,448
-	4,000	738,079
-	-	53,203
-	284,548	592,396
-	288,548	3,065,126
3,857	(259,976)	1,354,627
	1,000,000	1,050,000
_	1,000,000	1,050,000
3,857	740,024	2,404,627
184,573	1,368,265	7,694,589
188,430	2,108,289	10,099,216

State Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Variance with Final Budget Positive Budget Actual Final Amounts (Negative) Revenues: Taxes and assessments \$ 538,709 530,463 (8,246)454,087 467,262 13,175 Intergovernmental 2,000 20,150 18,150 Investment income Other revenue -10,985 10,985 994,796 Total revenues 34,064 1,028,860 **Expenditures**: Current: 528,306 23,913 Public works 504,393 Capital outlay 111,257 78,474 32,783 Total expenditures 639,563 582,867 56,696 Net change in fund balances 445,993 355,233 90,760 Fund balance, beginning of year 786,878 786,878 -Fund balance, end of year \$ 1,142,111 1,232,871 90,760

Measure M Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance with
			Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 351,434	377,811	26,377
Investment income	1,000	12,590	11,590
Total revenues	352,434	390,401	37,967
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay	159,949	114,335	45,614
Total expenditures	159,949	114,335	45,614
Net change in fund balances	192,485	276,066	83,581
č		,	05,501
Fund balance, beginning of year	443,703	443,703	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 636,188	719,769	83,581

Measure R Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance with
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 310,089	333,987	23,898
Investment income	3,000	12,003	9,003
Total revenues	313,089	345,990	32,901
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public works	55,680	5,680	50,000
Capital outlay	112,018	104,479	7,539
Total expenditures	167,698	110,159	57,539
Net change in fund balances	145,391	235,831	90,440
Fund balance, beginning of year	442,577	442,577	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 587,968</u>	678,408	90,440

Transportation Development Act Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 19,204	20,621	1,417
Total revenues	19,204	20,621	1,417
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public works	13,226	14,643	(1,417)
Total expenditures	13,226	14,643	(1,417)
Net change in fund balances	5,978	5,978	-
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year	(5,978)	(5,978)	
Fund balance, end of year	\$		

Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance with
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 148,379	50,809	(97,570)
Total revenues	148,379	50,809	(97,570)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public works	148,379	50,808	97,571
Total expenditures	148,379	50,808	97,571
Net change in fund balances	-	1	1
Fund balance, beginning of year	1	1	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 1</u>	2	1

Proposition A Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance with
			Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 498,451	537,023	38,572
Charges for services	25,000	8,818	(16,182)
Investment income	3,000	13,351	10,351
Total revenues	526,451	559,192	32,741
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Community services	1,123,600	1,121,844	1,756
Total expenditures	1,123,600	1,121,844	1,756
Net change in fund balances	(597,149)	(562,652)	34,497
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,161,188	1,161,188	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 564,039	598,536	34,497

Air Quality Plan AB 2766 Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance with
	Dudaat	A stral	Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 26,000	27,237	1,237
Investment income	300	1,126	826
Total revenues	26,300	28,363	2,063
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public works	35,000	20,000	15,000
Total expenditures	35,000	20,000	15,000
Net change in fund balances	(8,700)	8,363	17,063
Fund balance, beginning of year	53,049	53,049	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 44,349	61,412	17,063

Park Grant Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actua For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance with
			Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 222,000		(222,000)
Total revenues	222,000		(222,000)
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Cultural and recreation	250,000	9,800	240,200
Total expenditures	250,000	9,800	240,200
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(28,000)	(9,800)	18,200
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	50,000	50,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	50,000	50,000	
Net change in fund balances	22,000	40,200	18,200
Fund balance, beginning of year			
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 22,000	40,200	18,200

Landscape Maintenance Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes and assessments	\$ 11,738	11,651	(87)
Investment income		128	128
Total revenues	11,738	11,779	41
Expenditures:			
Current:	16 720	(212	10.526
Public works	16,738	6,212	10,526
Total expenditures	16,738	6,212	10,526
Net change in fund balances	(5,000)	5,567	10,567
Fund balance, beginning of year	5,000	5,000	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	<u>\$ -</u>	10,567	10,567

Parks Facilities Special Revenue Fund

			Variance with
			Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Taxes and assessments	\$ 5,000	116,684	111,684
Investment income	500	9,870	9,370
Total revenues	5,500	126,554	121,054
Expenditures:			,
Current:			
Cultural and recreation			
Total expenditures			
Net change in fund balances	5,500	126,554	121,054
Fund balance, beginning of year	451,793	451,793	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 457,293	578,347	121,054

Park Athletic Special Revenue Fund

			Variance with
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Licenses and permits	\$ 54,000	56,156	2,156
Investment income	500	1,900	1,400
Other revenue		180	180
Total revenues	54,500	58,236	3,736
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Cultural and recreation	51,193	43,403	7,790
Total expenditures	51,193	43,403	7,790
Net change in fund balances	3,307	14,833	11,526
Fund balance, beginning of year	80,198	80,198	
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 83,505</u>	95,031	11,526

Proposition C Special Revenue Fund

			Variance with
			Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 413,452	445,445	31,993
Investment income	5,000	45,818	40,818
Total revenues	418,452	491,263	72,811
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay	9,880	10,560	(680)
Total expenditures	9,880	10,560	(680)
Net change in fund balances	408,572	480,703	72,131
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,955,244	1,955,244	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,363,816	2,435,947	72,131

Lomita Manor Development Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance with
			Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 176,000	403,986	227,986
Investment income	-	13,292	13,292
Rental income	288,582	326,863	38,281
Other revenue	3,960	408	(3,552)
Total revenues	468,542	744,549	276,007
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Community services	468,542	559,604	(91,062)
Total expenditures	468,542	559,604	(91,062)
Net change in fund balances	-	184,945	184,945
Fund balance, beginning of year	761,536	761,536	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 761,536	946,481	184,945

CLEEP Special Revenue Fund

			Variance with
	Budget Final	Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Investment income	<u>\$ 100</u>	130	30
Total revenues	100	130	30
Expenditures: Current:			
Public safety			
Total expenditures			
Net change in fund balances	100	130	30
Fund balance, beginning of year	6,221	6,221	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 6,321	6,351	30

Measure W Special Revenue Fund

			Variance with
			Final Budget
	Budget	Actual	Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental	\$ 225,000	526,909	301,909
Investment income		3,668	3,668
Total revenues	225,000	530,577	305,577
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public works	163,076	132,343	30,733
Total expenditures	163,076	132,343	30,733
Net change in fund balances	61,924	398,234	336,310
Fund balance, beginning of year	106,878	106,878	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 168,802	505,112	336,310

Capital Improvement Capital Projects Fund

			Variance with
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Investment income	<u>\$ 1,000</u>	3,857	2,857
Total revenues	1,000	3,857	2,857
Expenditures:			
Capital outlay	5,000		5,000
Total expenditures	5,000		5,000
Net change in fund balances	(4,000)	3,857	7,857
Fund balance, beginning of year	184,573	184,573	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 180,573	188,430	7,857

Street Improvement Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Variance with
	Budget	Actual	Final Budget Positive
	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Investment income	\$ 3,000	28,572	25,572
Total revenues	3,000	28,572	25,572
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Public works	25,000	4,000	21,000
Capital outlay	1,413,455	284,548	1,128,907
Total expenditures	1,438,455	288,548	1,149,907
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(1,435,455)	(259,976)	1,175,479
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,000,000	1,000,000	
Net change in fund balances	(435,455)	740,024	1,175,479
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,368,265	1,368,265	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 932,810	2,108,289	1,175,479

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Private Purpose Trust Funds

June 30, 2023

	ailroad undation	Tom Rico Memorial	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 22,052	-	22,052
Receivables:			
Accounts	 83		83
Total assets	 22,135		22,135
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	1,332	-	1,332
Accrued liabilities	 108		108
Total liabilities	 1,440		1,440
NET POSITION			
Restricted for foundation	20,695	-	20,695
Restricted for memorial	 		-
Total net position	\$ 20,695		20,695

Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Private Purpose Trust Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2023

Railroad Tom Rico Foundation Memorial Total Additions: <u>8,</u>900 Other revenues \$ 8,900 -Total additions 8,900 8,900 -Deductions: Miscellaneous 8,886 1,590 10,476 Total deductions 8,886 1,590 10,476 Change in net position 14 (1,590)(1,576)Net position, beginning of year 20,681 22,271 1,590 Net position, end of year \$ 20,695 20,695 -

Statistical Section

This part of the City of Lomita annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader asses the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment with in which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services that the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

City of Lomita Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 22,718,159	\$ 22,183,927	\$ 20,121,459	\$ 20,331,203	\$ 20,579,331
Restricted	9,594,104	7,593,689	7,018,655	5,139,262	4,002,512
Unrestricted	 2,472,644	 (1,553,860)	 (3,058,698)	 (4,982,190)	 (4,384,212)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 34,784,907	\$ 28,223,756	\$ 24,081,416	\$ 20,488,275	\$ 20,197,631
Business-type activities:					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 21,559,554	\$ 20,844,231	\$ 18,200,296	\$ 18,452,593	\$ 17,995,090
Unrestricted	 5,846,832	 2,673,936	 3,602,880	 1,882,888	 1,675,608
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 27,406,386	\$ 23,518,167	\$ 21,803,176	\$ 20,335,481	\$ 19,670,698
Primary government:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 44,277,713	\$ 43,028,158	\$ 38,321,755	\$ 38,783,796	\$ 38,574,421
Restricted	9,594,104	7,593,689	7,018,655	5,139,262	4,002,512
Unrestricted ⁽¹⁾	 8,319,476	 1,120,076	 544,182	 (3,099,302)	 (2,708,604)
Total primary government net position	\$ 62,191,293	\$ 51,741,923	\$ 45,884,592	\$ 40,823,756	\$ 39,868,329

⁽¹⁾ GASB 75 was implemented June 30, 2018. The recording of the City's net OPEB liability resulted in a negative unrestricted net asset balance.

_				Fiscal Year				
	2018	 2017	2016			2015		2014
\$	19,933,570 2,952,055 (4,506,553)	\$ 17,033,665 2,641,909 (969,590)	\$	18,274,572 3,676,616 (726,465)	\$	18,192,046 3,354,468 (621,965)	\$	17,423,028 3,516,178 3,431,164
\$	18,379,072	\$ 18,705,984	\$	21,224,723	\$	20,924,549	\$	24,370,370
\$	16,255,533 - 2,822,396	\$ 15,480,584 - 3,088,795	\$	16,158,075 175,847 2,553,377	\$	15,498,223 678,501 2,472,870	\$	15,313,322 678,500 3,675,085
\$	19,077,929	\$ 18,569,379	\$	18,887,299	\$	18,649,594	\$	19,666,907
\$	36,189,103 2,952,055 (1,684,157)	\$ 32,514,249 2,641,909 2,119,205	\$	34,432,647 3,852,463 1,826,912	\$	33,690,269 4,032,969 1,850,905	\$	32,736,350 4,194,678 7,106,249
\$	37,457,001	\$ 37,275,363	\$	40,112,022	\$	39,574,143	\$	44,037,277

City of Lomita Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year									
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	3,651,972	\$	4,615,742	\$	3,516,508	\$	3,097,344	\$	4,488,587
Public safety		4,624,434		4,385,150		4,122,368		3,843,357		3,633,645
Public works		1,584,797		1,557,665		2,345,393		1,830,924		1,496,818
Community development		1,022,436		985,098		720,677		691,477		683,449
Community services		1,684,425		701,673		713,824		861,971		920,398
Culture and Recreation		1,688,139		1,731,965		1,127,697		1,365,464		1,124,928
Total governmental activities expenses		14,256,203		13,977,293		12,546,467		11,690,537		12,347,825
Business-type activities:										
Water Enterprise Operating Expenses		5,168,136		7,011,399		6,746,049		7,196,441		6,025,969
Total business-type activities expenses		5,168,136		7,011,399		6,746,049		7,196,441		6,025,969
Total primary government expenses		19,424,339		20,988,692		19,292,516		18,886,978		18,373,794
Program revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government		60,000		160,000		60,000		60,000		60,000
Public safety		727,215		600,451		392,639		473,892		441,691
Public works		203,713		201,162		210,123		233,172		228,755
Community development		2,053,254		1,375,786		2,418,941		811,739		1,612,396
Community services		335,681		313,479		310,261		330,030		324,675
Cultural and Recreation		408,955		381,421		197,198		197,254		340,053
Operating grants and contributions		5,790,820		5,347,576		3,100,247		2,320,210		2,910,425
Capital grants and contributions		723,342		621,557		526,724		531,777		516,581
Total governmental activities										
program revenues		10,302,980		9,001,432		7,216,133		4,958,074		6,434,576
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water		6,108,357		6,344,367		6,433,700		6,023,257		5,629,363
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions		-		-		-		-		-
Total business-type activities										
program revenues		6,108,357		6,344,367		6,433,700		6,023,257		5,629,363
Total primary government										
program revenues		16,411,337		15,345,799		13,649,833		10,981,331		12,063,939
Net revenues (expenses):										
Governmental activities		(3,953,223)		(4,975,861)		(5,330,334)		(6,732,463)		(5,913,249
Business-type activities	_	940,221		(667,032)	_	(312,349)	_	(1,173,184)	_	(396,606
Total net revenues (expenses)		(3,013,002)		(5,642,893)		(5,642,683)		(7,905,647)		(6,309,855

2018	2017	iscal Year 2016	2015	2014
2010	 2017	 2010	 2013	 2014
4,078,593	\$ 3,507,091	\$ 3,123,342	\$ 2,899,057	\$ 3,098,164
3,549,113	3,309,683	3,108,606	3,016,259	3,110,281
1,850,296	2,028,211	1,440,942	868,679	1,154,889
878,350	763,932	816,396	732,230	870,304
926,762	1,480,018	861,319	1,177,247	911,817
1,388,433	 1,199,067	 1,196,613	 1,205,707	 1,162,065
12,671,547	 12,288,002	 10,547,218	 9,899,179	 10,307,520
5,816,026	 5,221,613	 4,938,566	 4,982,663	 5,064,405
5,816,026	 5,221,613	 4,938,566	 4,982,663	 5,064,405
 18,487,573	 17,509,615	 15,485,784	 14,881,842	 15,371,925
60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	61,281
386,780	373,933	364,735	377,159	297,550
224,714	193,363	211,337	189,668	402,407
992,241	846,262	1,075,688	1,413,611	1,159,824
299,478	314,290	306,110	267,026	267,952
430,563	368,800	334,994	261,195	236,828
2,221,458	2,194,576	1,516,695	1,831,908	1,481,169
 713,374	 779,612	 328,664	 417,909	 982,808
 5,328,608	 5,130,836	 4,198,223	 4,818,476	 4,889,819
5,330,322	4,789,815	4,435,449	4,594,551	4,566,793
5,550,522			4,004,001	4,000,793
-	 -	 -	 -	 -
5,330,322	 4,789,815	 4,435,449	 4,594,551	 4,566,793
10,658,930	 9,920,651	 8,633,672	 9,413,027	 9,456,612
(7,342,939)	(7,157,166)	(6,348,995)	(5,080,703)	(5,417,701
(485,704)	(431,798)	(503,117)	(388,112)	(497,612
(7,828,643)	 (7,588,964)	 (6,852,112)	 (5,468,815)	 (5,915,313)

City of Lomita Changes in Net Position, Continued Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

			Fiscal Year		
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
General revenues and other changes in net position:					
Governmental activities:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes	2,112,200	1,990,207	1,893,942	1,776,468	1,639,059
Sales tax	4,944,221	5,040,048	2,637,134	1,884,061	2,011,963
Transient occupancy taxes	230,035	133,484	198,839	148,228	185,632
Refuse Tax	346,598	327,045	303,799	285,240	267,502
Business Licence Tax	678,225	688,309	630,812	650,737	652,617
Franchise Taxes	410,506	384,293	368,062	350,249	347,479
Other taxes	45,942	75,521	283,986	50,165	54,910
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted	2,789,586	2,633,390	2,520,716	2,390,550	2,263,193
Investment income (loss)	(316,365)	(915,599)	13,242	202,981	167,410
Other general revenues	1,003,914	31,015	72,943	84,428	143,293
Gain on sales of property	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers	(1,730,488)	(1,269,512)		(800,000)	
Total governmental activities	10,514,374	9,118,201	8,923,475	7,023,107	7,733,058
Business-type activities:					
Investment income	90,970	10,472	7,720	73,877	78,302
Other	1,126,540	1,102,039	1,772,324	964,090	911,073
Transfers	1,730,488	1,269,512		800,000	
Total business-type activities	2,947,998	2,382,023	1,780,044	1,837,967	989,375
Total primary government	13,462,372	11,500,224	10,703,519	8,861,074	8,722,433
Changes in net position					
Governmental activities	6,561,151	4,142,340	3,593,141	290,644	1,819,809
Business-type activities	3,888,219	1,714,991	1,467,695	664,783	592,769
Total primary government	\$ 10,449,370	\$ 5,857,331	\$ 5,060,836	\$ 955,427	\$ 2,412,578

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
2011			2017	2010
1,840,685	1,807,043	1,748,361	1,523,888	1,657,387
1,336,438	1,289,649	1,474,499	1,625,596	1,769,925
122,510	133,642	150,091	178,239	180,278
235,523	242,841	243,783	253,270	258,776
505,590	584,131	550,167	544,333	617,755
360,228	357,134	400,033	335,077	345,511
7,000	20,550	4,000	16,000	51,760
1,762,032	1,842,511	1,939,675	2,038,861	2,142,009
60,760	67,806	138,154	7,322	(40,487)
10,310	11,226	406	341,477	33,113
	-	-	-	-
	_		2,733	-
6,241,076	6,356,533	6,649,169	6,866,796	7,016,027
5,035	4,128	7,447	9,563	10,737
750,446	871,796	733,375	827,067	983,517
	-		(2,733)	-
755,483	875,924	740,822	833,897	994,254
6,996,557	7,232,457	7,389,991	7,700,693	8,010,281
823,375	1,275,830	300,174	(290,370)	(326,912)
257,869	487,812	237,705	402,099	508,550
\$ 1,081,244	1,763,642	\$ 537,879	\$ 111,729	181,638

City of Lomita Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fi	scal Year		
	2023	 2022		2021	 2020	 2019
General fund:						
Nonspendable	\$ 22,805	\$ 28,777	\$	25,095	\$ 24,561	\$ 22,444
Committed	85,744	85,744		85,744	85,744	85,744
Assigned	9,022,199	7,334,625		6,304,510	5,591,510	5,853,930
Unassigned	1,531,302	 1,105,086		1,098,165	 980,273	 980,422
Total general fund	10,662,050	 8,554,232		7,513,514	 6,682,088	 6,942,540
All other governmental funds:						
Nonspendable	4,030	3,670		3,332	4,095	5,016
Restricted	4,070,880	3,409,072		2,767,734	1,879,238	1,382,246
Committed	3,834,124	2,841,524		2,850,143	2,400,803	1,777,503
Assigned	2,296,719	1,552,838		1,505,677	855,145	837,747
Unassigned	1,230,439	 857,321		(106,537)	 (266,125)	 (10,268)
Total all other governmental funds	11,436,192	 8,664,425		7,020,349	 4,873,156	 3,992,244
Grand Total	22,098,242	17,218,657		14,533,863	11,555,244	10,934,784

		F	Fiscal Year				
 2018	 2017		2016		2015		2014
\$ 20,384 89,343	\$ 18,896 89,343	\$	499,516 104,132	\$	281,510 22,500	\$	354,869 -
 5,274,835 1,002,484	 5,180,075 1,544,373		4,986,341 789,516		4,111,396 1,516,969		3,885,436 832,656
 6,387,046	 6,832,687		6,379,505		5,932,375		5,072,961
3,053	6,185		1,130		1,227		1,376
987,480	602,516		1,151,250		1,137,673		1,727,257
1,229,487	1,192,592		1,318,552		1,548,912		-
746,778	877,480		1,210,815		843,681		1,908,056
 (505,587)	 (375,303)		(2,785)		(177,025)		(120,511)
 2,461,211	 2,303,470		3,678,962		3,354,468		3,516,178
8,848,257	9,136,157		10,058,467		9,286,843		8,589,139

City of Lomita Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

			Fis	scal Year				
	 2023	2022		2021		2020		2019
Revenues:								
Taxes and assessments	\$ 9,426,524	\$ 9,293,309	\$	6,922,990	\$	5,619,851	\$	5,578,097
Intergovernmental	9,352,488	8,392,801		5,788,221		4,784,452		5,808,278
Licenses and permits	2,112,485	1,315,005		2,428,326		886,378		1,768,927
Charges for services	8,818	9,466		7,824		20,390		26,937
Fines and forfeitures	818,565	619,001		394,939		496,842		463,291
Investment income (loss)	(174,784)	(899,406)		23,839		321,521		247,567
Rental income	569,171	537,171		493,144		521,382		527,172
Other	 404,961	 120,377		76,341		126,436		233,783
Total revenues	 22,518,228	 19,387,724		16,135,624		12,777,252		14,654,052
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government	3,961,115	3,654,560		2,909,752		2,738,871		3,803,130
Community development	1,124,403	914,687		685,949		663,348		656,309
Community services	1,681,448	686,419		691,979		840,928		901,046
Public works	1,307,722	1,371,232		1,345,083		1,194,563		1,058,516
Public safety	4,642,386	4,371,832		4,119,547		3,842,231		3,632,226
Cultural and recreation	1,848,705	1,551,436		1,096,712		1,353,101		1,109,354
Capital outlay	775,131	2,285,223		907,943		532,191		1,205,694
Debt service:								
Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	41,500	3,823		-		-		-
Total expenditures	 15,382,410	 14,839,212		11,756,965		11,165,233		12,366,275
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over (under)								
expenditures	 7,135,818	 4,548,512		4,378,659		1,612,019		2,287,777
Other financing sources (uses):								
Transfers in	1,382,860	980,164		923,260		12,000		338,343
Transfers out	(3,821,828)	(2,862,606)		(2,323,260)		(812,000)		(538,343)
Proceeds from leases	182,735	18,724		-		-		-
Issuance of bonds	-	-		-		-		-
Payment to bond escrow agent	 -	 -		-		-		-
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	 (2,256,233)	 (1,863,718)		(1,400,000)		(800,000)		(200,000)
Net change in fund balances	 4,879,585	 2,684,794		2,978,659		812,019		2,087,777
katio of total dept service expenditures to total noncapital								
expenditures to total honcapital expenditures.	0.000/	0.029/	m / -		m / -		m / -	
experiances.	0.28%	0.03%	n/a		n/a		n/a	

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
5,390,929	\$ 4,929,177	\$ 5,036,023	\$ 5,100,944	\$ 5,050,191
4,604,060	3,713,536	3,715,286	3,485,555	3,914,285
1,150,494	1,054,795	1,250,947	1,558,515	1,356,968
25,384	20,210	19,571	20,628	20,051
444,580	376,733	372,735	387,659	297,550
(31,440)	20,354	147,297	72,312	67,288
511,890	489,831	514,200	444,488	430,481
95,697	 756,655	 62,772	 59,673	 62,136
 12,191,594	 11,361,291	 11,118,831	 11,129,774	 11,198,950
3,047,279	2,687,690	2,735,363	2,553,174	2,694,870
857,609	745,442	799,282	722,548	849,720
908,870	1,464,068	846,556	1,168,895	894,060
1,047,337	1,072,359	925,359	783,041	747,972
3,549,113	3,309,683	3,108,606	3,016,259	3,110,281
1,388,433	1,199,067	1,196,613	1,205,707	1,162,065
1,608,353	1,768,025	710,564	927,446	1,820,774
-	-	-	-	
-	 -	 - 10 222 242	 - 10 277 070	 11 070 740
12,406,994	 12,246,334	 10,322,343	 10,377,070	 11,279,742
 (215,400)	 (885,043)	 796,488	 752,704	 (80,792
357,616	135,490	339,569	317,553	467,221
(430,116)	(172,757)	(439,569)	(372,553)	(492,221
-	-	-	-	
-	 -	 -	 -	
(72,500)	(37,267)	(100,000)	(55,000)	(25,000
(287,900)	 (922,310)	 696,488	 697,704	 (105,792

City of Lomita Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Ci	ity				Parcel C	Counts		
Fiscal Year				Taxable	Percent					Total
Ended June 30	Secured	Unsecured	Less: Exemptions ¹	Assessed Value	Change	Residential	Income	Industrial	Total	Direct Tax Rate
2013/14	1,835,389,728	30,658,161		1,866,047,889	3.62%	4,581	475	16	5,072	0.10263%
2014/15	1,909,903,891	32,194,065		1,942,097,956	4.08%	4,583	473	16	5,072	0.10263%
2015/16	2,014,069,980	31,249,739		2,045,319,719	5.31%	4,579	477	16	5,072	0.10263%
2016/17	2,117,244,522	32,349,456		2,149,593,978	5.10%	4,580	477	15	5,072	0.10263%
2017/18	2,225,454,844	31,629,569		2,257,084,413	5.00%	4,580	475	15	5,070	0.10263%
2018/19	2,351,141,143	35,125,603		2,386,266,746	5.72%	4,598	475	14	5,087	0.10263%
2019/20	2,520,927,188	35,884,762		2,556,811,950	7.15%	4,602	470	14	5,086	0.10263%
2020/21	2,665,742,123	36,097,437		2,701,839,560	5.67%	4,613	473	14	5,100	0.10263%
2021/22	2,729,191,737	34,661,192		2,763,852,929	2.30%	4,632	473	14	5,119	0.10263%
2022/23	2,893,245,881	38,292,998		2,931,538,879	6.07%	4,631	472	14	5,117	0.10263%

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only re-assessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone

County of Los Angeles, Auditor-Controller Office/Tax Division

City of Lomita Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (Rate per \$100 of assessed value) Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 (2)	2015	2014
City Direct Rates:										
City Lomita Tax District 1	0.066600	0.066600	0.066600	0.066600	0.066600	0.066600	0.066550	0.066550	0.066550	0.066550
Lomita Waterworks	0.036100	0.036100	0.036100	0.036100	0.036100	0.036100	0.036080	0.036080	0.036080	0.036080
Total City Direct Rate	0.102700	0.102700	0.102700	0.102700	0.102700	0.102700	0.102630	0.102630	0.102630	0.102630
LA County General	0.214700	0.214700	0.214700	0.214700	0.214700	0.214700	0.214700	0.214700	0.214700	0.214700
LA County Other	0.209050	0.209050	0.209050	0.209050	0.209050	0.209050	0.209110	0.209110	0.209110	0.209110
Water Replenishment S.C.	0.000160	0.000160	0.000160	0.000160	0.000160	0.000160	0.000160	0.000160	0.000160	0.000160
LA Sanitary District	0.011090	0.011090	0.011090	0.011090	0.011090	0.011090	0.011090	0.011090	0.011090	0.011090
LA Unified School										
District	0.207800	0.207800	0.207800	0.207800	0.207800	0.207800	0.207830	0.207830	0.207830	0.207830
Educational Revenue										
Augmentation Fund	0.204800	0.204800	0.204800	0.204800	0.204800	0.204800	0.204800	0.204800	0.204800	0.204800
LA Community College	0.028200	0.028200	0.028200	0.028200	0.028200	0.028200	0.028200	0.028200	0.028200	0.028200
LA County Library	0.021500	0.021500	0.021500	0.021500	0.021500	0.021500	0.021480	0.021480	0.021480	0.021480
Total Prop 13 Rate	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000
Overlapping Rates:										
LA County Bonds	0.024880	0.043760	0.040160	0.027170	0.046210	0.045990	0.035960	0.035750	0.040170	0.044540
LA County Storm Drain	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
LA Unified School Bonds	0.121070	0.113230	0.139930	0.125520	0.123230	0.122190	0.131100	0.129710	0.146880	0.146440
Palos Verdes Penninsula	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.023290	0.023110
West Basin MWD	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500	0.003500
Voter Approved Rate	0.149450	0.160490	0.183590	0.156190	0.172940	0.171680	0.170560	0.168960	0.213840	0.217590
Total Tax Rate	1.149450	1.160490	1.183590	1.156190	1.172940	1.171680	1.170560	1.168960	1.213840	1.217590

In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at a 1.00% fixed amount. This 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies for which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of the Los Angeles Unified School District bonds.

Source: L.A. County Assessor 2012/13-2021/22 Tax Rate Table, HdL, Coren & Cone

City of Lomita Principal Property Owners Current Year and Prior Year Top Ten

			2022/23			2021/22	
				Percent of			Percent of
			Tauahla			Tavabla	Total City Taxable
Ра	Us						Assessed
urcels	ň		Value	Value		Value	Value
2	r		18,581,095	0.63%		18,216,909	0.62%
1	i		18,559,817	0.63%		18,195,900	0.62%
4	u		15,759,014	0.54%		14,905,555	0.51%
1	с		11,773,198	0.40%		11,542,352	0.39%
5	с		11,681,632	0.40%		11,452,584	0.39%
3	с		11,165,263	0.38%		12,922,711	0.44%
8	r		10,758,895	0.37%		-	0.00%
21	r		10,610,254	0.36%		10,610,254	0.36%
1	r		9,843,489	0.34%		-	0.00%
10	r		9,569,909	0.33%		9,382,272	0.32%
			128,302,566	<u>4.38</u> %		107,228,537	<u>3.66</u> %
		\$	2,931,538,879		\$	2,514,269,367	
	с						
	i						
	r						
	u v						
	1 4 1 5 3 8 21 1	 2 r 1 i 4 u 1 c 5 c 3 c 8 r 21 r 1 r 10 r 10 r c i r u u 	2 r 1 i 4 u 1 c 5 c 3 c 8 r 21 r 1 r 10 r \$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

Source: L.A. County Assessor 2022/23 Combined Tax Rolls and the SBE Non Unitary Tax Roll, HdL, Coren & Cone

City of Lomita Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Taxes Levied	Collected with Fiscal Year o		Collections in	Total Collection	ns to Date
Year Ended June 30	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy
2014	1,815,291	51,992	2.86%	138,221	190,213	10.48%
2015	1,945,923	61,109	3.14%	136,902	198,011	10.18%
2016	2,056,573	69,970	3.40%	136,059	206,028	10.02%
2017	2,158,376	89,443	4.14%	85,746	175,188	8.12%
2018	2,279,687	110,520	4.85%	86,460	196,980	8.64%
2019	2,361,888	81,748	3.46%	89,503	171,251	7.25%
2020	2,550,889 (1)	106,504	4.18%	88,844	195,348	7.66%
2021	2,702,917	113,995	4.22%	98,421	212,416	7.86%
2022	2,803,540	181,539	6.48%	105,687	287,226	10.25%
2023	2,961,666	114,457	3.86%	111,787	226,244	7.64%

NOTE: The amounts presented include City property taxes and Redevelopment Agency tax increment. This schedule also includes amounts collected by the City and Redevelopment Agency that were passed-through to other agencies.

⁽¹⁾ Correction for fiscal year 2020

Source: Los Angeles County Auditor Controller's Office

City of Lomita Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year	Tax		Pension	Certificates		Total				
Ended	Allocation	Revenue	Obligation	of		Governmenta				
June 30	Bonds	Bonds	Ref Bonds	Participation	Other	Activities				
2014	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2015	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2016	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2017	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2018	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2019	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2020	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2021	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2022	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					
2023	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a					

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. In July 2021, the City refunded the 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds with a Private Placement Loan in the amount of \$6,081,000

⁽¹⁾ Net of discount

Bus	iness-type Activi	ties			
Certificates		Total	Total	Percentage	Debt
of		Business-type	Primary	of Personal	per
Participation ⁽¹⁾	Other	Activities	Government	Income	Capita
6,757,536	n/a	6,757,536	6,757,536	8.83%	331
6,600,347	n/a	6,600,347	6,600,347	9.01%	323
7,200,000	n/a	7,200,000	7,200,000	8.16%	355
6,985,000	n/a	6,985,000	6,985,000	8.82%	342
6,750,000	n/a	6,750,000	6,750,000	9.90%	326
6,505,000	n/a	6,505,000	6,505,000	10.62%	314
6,255,000	n/a	6,255,000	6,255,000	12.34%	304
5,995,000	n/a	5,995,000	5,995,000	13.05%	293
5,744,000	n/a	5,744,000	5,744,000	13.54%	291
5,416,000	n/a	5,416,000	5,416,000	16.25%	270

City of Lomita Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

	2023	2022		2021		2020	2019																				
Assessed valuation	\$ 2,931,538,879	\$ 2,763,852,929	\$	2,653,562,437	\$	2,514,269,367	\$ 2,386,266,746																				
Conversion percentage	 25.00%	 25.00%		25.00%		25.00%	 25.00%																				
Adjusted assessed valuation	732,884,720	690,963,232	663,390,609		663,390,609		663,390,609		663,390,609		663,390,609		663,390,609		663,390,609		663,390,609		663,390,609		663,390,609		663,390,609			628,567,342	596,566,687
Debt limit percentage	 15.00%	15.00%	15.00%			15.00%	 15.00%																				
Debt limit	109,932,708	103,644,485	99,508,591		508,591 94,285,101		89,485,003																				
Total net dept applicable to limit: General obligation bonds	-	-		-		-	 -																				
Legal debt margin	\$ 109,932,708	\$ 103,644,485	\$	99,508,591	\$	94,285,101	\$ 89,485,003																				
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percent of debt limit	0%	 0%		0%		0%	 0%																				
Lomita Long Term Debt outstanding:	5,416,000	5,744,000		5,995,000		6,255,000	6,505,000																				
Debt per capita:	269.56	278.39		293.43		304.44	313.71																				
Debt as a percentage of personal income:	16.25%	13.54%		13.05%		12.34%	10.62%																				

Section 43605 of the Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% OF MARKET VALUE. Effective with 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). The Computations shown above reflect a conversion of assessed valuation data for each fiscal year from current full valuation perspective to the 25% level that was in effect at the time the legal debt margin was enacted by the State of California for local governments located within the State.

In July 2021, the City refunded the 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds with a Private Placement Loan in the amount of \$6,081,000

2018		2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 2,257,084,413	\$	2,149,593,978	\$ 2,045,319,719	\$ 1,942,097,956	\$ 1,866,047,889
 25.00%		25.00%	 25.00%	 25.00%	 25.00%
 564,271,103	537,398,495		 511,329,930	 485,524,489	 466,511,972
 15.00%	15.00% 15.00%		 15.00%	 15.00%	 15.00%
84,640,665		80,609,774	76,699,489	72,828,673	69,976,796
-		-	-	-	-
\$ 84,640,665	\$	80,609,774	\$ 76,699,489	\$ 72,828,673	\$ 69,976,796
0%		0%	0%	0%	0%
6,750,000		6,985,000	7,200,000	6,665,000	6,825,000
325.85		342.35	354.85	322.92	330.83
9.90%		8.82%	8.16%	9.01%	8.83%

City of Lomita Pledged Revenue Coverage Last Ten Years

Fiscal Year			Less	Net							
Ended	Water	C	Operating	Available							
June 30	 Revenue*	E	xpenses**	 Revenue		Principal Interest		Interest	t Total		Coverage
2014	\$ 5,317,239	\$	4,254,309	\$ 1,062,930	\$	155,000	\$	344,713	\$	499,713	2.1
2015	\$ 5,466,347	\$	4,080,838	\$ 1,385,509	\$	160,000	\$	338,513	\$	498,513	2.2
2016	\$ 5,168,824	\$	4,032,400	\$ 1,136,424	\$	170,000	\$	332,113	\$	502,113	2.2
2017	\$ 5,616,882	\$	4,321,380	\$ 1,295,502	\$	215,000	\$	251,550	\$	466,550	2.2
2018	\$ 6,313,840	\$	4,858,095	\$ 1,455,744	⁽¹⁾ \$	235,000	\$	227,013	\$	462,013	3.
2019	\$ 6,540,437	\$	5,063,714	\$ 1,476,723	\$	245,000	\$	219,375	\$	464,375	3.1
2020	\$ 6,921,842	\$	5,486,250	\$ 1,435,593	⁽²⁾ \$	250,000	\$	211,413	\$	461,413	3.1
2021	\$ 8,206,024	\$	5,764,712	\$ 2,441,312	\$	260,000	\$	203,288	\$	463,288	5.2
2022	\$ 7,446,407	\$	6,421,035	\$ 1,025,372	\$	337,000	\$	127,129	\$	464,129	2.
2023	\$ 7,234,936	\$	4,950,569	\$ 2,284,367	\$	328,000	\$	137,008	\$	465,008	4.

* Excludes interest income

** Excludes depreciation and interest income

Notes: Details regarding the City's Water Fund outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. In July 2021, the City refunded the 2016 Water Revenue Refunding Bonds with

a Private Placement Loan in the amount of \$6,081,000

⁽¹⁾ Correction for fiscal year 2018

⁽²⁾ Correction for fiscal year 2020

Source: City of Lomita, Administrative Services Department - Finance

City of Lomita Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2023

City Assessed Valuation Redevelopment Agency Incremental Valuation		\$	2,931,538,879	
Total Assessed Valuation		\$	2,931,538,879	
	Percentage Applicable ¹	Ψ	Outstanding Debt 6/30/23	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
Overlapping Debt Repaid with Property Taxes:				
LA Unified School District General Obligation Bonds	0.000%	\$	-	-
LA Community College District	0.000%		-	-
LA Unified School District Lease Tax Obligations	0.000%		-	-
LA County Water District, I.D. No. 54	0.000%		-	-
LA County Water District, I.D. No. 55	0.000%		-	
Total overlapping debt repaid with property taxes			<u>-</u>	
Overlapping Other Debt:				
Palos Verdes Pen USD		\$	-	
LA County Board of Education Certificates of Participation	0.274%		4,500,730,000	12,332,000
LA Unified School District Certificates of Participation	0.334%		10,704,725,000	35,753,782
West Basin County Water District Certificates of Participation	0.081%		19,215,000	15,564
Total overlapping other debt			15,224,670,000	48,101,346
Total overlapping debt		\$	15,224,670,000	48,101,346
City direct debt				
Total direct and overlapping debt			1	\$ 48,101,346

Notes:

¹ For debt repaid with property taxes, the percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable assessed value that is within the city's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable assessed value.

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

Source: HdL Coren & Cone, Los Angeles County Assessor's Office

City of Lomita Top 25 Sales Tax Producers (Miscellaneous Information) Current Calendar Year and Nine Years Ago

	Caler	idar Year 2022	Calendar Year 2013				
Tax	x Payers	Business Type	Tax Payers	Business Type			
7 Eleven		Convenience Stores/Liquor	99 Cents Only	Variety Stores			
99 Cents Only		Variety Stores	Albertsons	Grocery Stores			
ARCO AM/PM		Service Stations	Arco AM/PM	Service Stations			
ARCO AM/PM		Service Stations	Arco AM/PM	Service Stations			
Auto Zone		Automotive Supply Stores	AutoZone	Automotive Supply Stores			
Battaglia's Title		Building Materials	Big Lots	Variety Stores			
Big Lots		Variety Stores	California Pro Sports	Sporting Goods/Bike Stores			
Bites & Bashes		Casual Dining	CVS Pharmacy	Drug Stores			
California Pro Sporrt	s	Sporting Goods/Bike Stores	Cycle Gear	Boats/Motorcycles			
O CVS Pharmacy		Drug Stores	Discount Pool & Spa Supply	Specialty Stores			
l Discount Pool & Spa	Supply	Specialty Stores	Enterprise Rent A Car	Transportation/Rentals			
2 Enterprise Rent A Ca	ır	Transportation/Rentals	Harbor Freight Tools	Building Materials			
3 Harbor Freight Tools		Building Materials	Hertz Rent A Car	Transportation/Rentals			
4 Hot N Tot		Casual Dining	Hot N Tot	Casual Dining			
5 I D Systems & Suppl	ies	Light Industrial/Printers	Jims Auto Sales	Used Automotive Dealers			
5 Jims Auto Sales		Used Automotive Dealers	KFC	Quick-Service Restaurants			
7 Lomita Feed Store		Gardening/Agricultural Supplies	Lees Tires	Automotive Supply Stores			
8 Lomita Shell		Service Stations	Lomita Feed Store	Gardening/Agricultural Supplie			
Pacific Coast Hobbie	s	Specialty Stores	Lomita Shell	Service Stations			
) Popeyes Lousiana Ki	itchen	Quick-Service Restaurants	Pacific Coast Hobbies	Specialty Stores			
l Shell		Service Stations	Redondo Beach Towing	Transportation/Rentals			
2 Sushi Delight		Casual Dining	Shell	Service Stations			
3 Szchwan Chinese		Casual Dining	Sprint	Electronics/Appliance Stores			
4 Taco Bell/Pizze Hut		Quick-Service Restaurants	Taco Bell/Pizze Hut	Quick-Service Restaurants			
5 Thompson Building	Materials	Building Materials	Thompson Building Materials	Building Materials			

-Account for 61.24%

of the total sales tax collected.

-Account for 63.13% of the total sales tax collected.

*** The names are listed in alphabetical order, not sales tax volume.

Source: HdL Companies, State Board of Equalization, California Department of Taxes and Fees Administration, State Controller's Office Period: January 2022 Thru December 2022

City of Lomita Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Calendar Year	City of Lomita Population ⁽¹⁾	Median Age ⁽²⁾	Personal Income (in thousands) ⁽³⁾	Per Capital Personal Income ⁽⁴⁾	Lomita Unemployment Rate ⁽⁵⁾
2014	20,630	39.5	602,417	29,201	5.5%
2015	20,640	40.3	600,583	29,098	5.9%
2016	20,290	40.3	587,263	28,943	4.8%
2017	20,403	40.8	615,782	30,180	3.7%
2018	20,715	40.4	668,303	32,261	4.6%
2019	20,736	40.7	690,910	33,275	4.3%
2020	20,549	40.1	771,963	37,566	16.5%
2021	20,431	40.1	782,242	38,287	5.6%
2022	20,633	40.5	777,527	37,683	2.3%
2023	20,092	39.5	880,182	43,807	2.2%

Source: ⁽¹⁾ California State Department of Finance

⁽²⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis, Census Bureau

⁽³⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis, Census Bureau

(4) U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis, Census Bureau

⁽⁵⁾ California Employment Development Department

City of Lomita Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		202	2014			
Employer	Business Type	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment	Number of Employees	Percent of Total Employment	
Lomita Post-Acute Care Center	Nursing Facility	132	1.23%	80	0.76%	
WDC Kitchen & Bath Center	Retail	100	0.93%	n/a	n/a	
City of Lomita	Government	90	0.84%	85	0.81%	
Kaiser Permanente	Medical	66	0.62%	n/a	n/a	
Palos Verdes Health Care Center	Nursing Facility	50	0.47%	42	0.40%	
Nishiyamato Acedemy of California	Education	44	0.41%	n/a	n/a	
CVS	Retail	47	0.44%	n/a	n/a	
99 Cents Only Store LLC	Retail	39	0.36%	n/a	n/a	
Thompson Building Materials	Building	38	0.36%	40	0.38%	
Travers Tree Service	Service	30	0.28%	60	n/a	
Western Veterinary Group	Animal Services	29	0.27%	n/a	n/a	

Total Top Ten Employers	665	307
Total City Employment	10,700	10,500

NOTE: Non-Governmental Employers.

Several potential businesses that may qualify for Top 10 ranking. However, current employee counts were unattainable at the time of report preparation. Previous historical data is not available.

Source: City of Lomita, Economic Development Department

State of California, Employment Development Department

City of Lomita Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Full-Time and Part-time Employees as of June 30									
Function	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016 ⁽²⁾	2015	2014
General government	20	12	14	12	12	9	12	11	12	13
Public safety ⁽¹⁾	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	16	12	13	10	9	10	9	7	8	6
Community Services	5	5	5	5	6	4	10	8	10	16
Water	7	6	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	5
Community Development	5	5	3	4	3	6	6	4	3	5
Parks and Recreation	37	37	34	37	42	49	46	43	42	40
Total	90	77	76	75	79	85	90	79	81	85

⁽¹⁾ Police and fire services are provided by Los Angeles County.

⁽²⁾ Correction for fiscal year 2016.

Source: City of Lomita, Administrative Services Department - Finance

City of Lomita Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
⁽¹⁾ Police:										
Arrests	513	477	663	815	994	865	913	n/a	n/a	n/a
Parking citations issued	9838	9001	7368	6001	6612	6201	5564	5380	6124	4048
⁽²⁾ Fire:										
Number of emergency calls	2006	1804	1016	1740	2920	1827	1816	1770	1476	n/a
Inspections	804	899	0	200	1488	763	579	n/a	n/a	n/a
Public works:										
Street resurfacing (miles)	n/a									
Parks and recreation:										
Number of recreation classes	184	186	18	331	319	278	328	295	269	193
Number of facility rentals	378	403	10	179	407	475	402	344	422	530
Water:										
New connections	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Average daily consumption										
(thousands of gallons)	n/a									
Sewer:										
New connections	n/a									
Average daily sewage treatment										
(thousands of gallons)	n/a									

⁽¹⁾ Deputy Sheriffs and Community Service Officers are provided through a contract with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department.

(2) Fire Protection and Fire Personnel are provided through a contract with the Los Angeles County Fire Department. Due Covid-19 pandemic, business inspections are on hold and there no Brush inspections.

n/a Data is unavailable to include in this report.

Source: City of Lomita, Administrative Services Department Los Angeles County Fire Department

City of Lomita Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal	Year				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
⁽¹⁾ Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
⁽²⁾ Fire:										
Fire stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public works:										
Streets (miles) ⁽⁵⁾	31.90	31.90	31.90	33.20	31.00	31.00	31.00	31.00	31.00	31.00
Streetlights	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58	58
Traffic signals	n/a									
Parks and recreation:										
Parks	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6
Rail Road Museum	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water System :										
Length of Pipes $(LF)^{(3)}$	228,975	228,975	228,975	228,975	228,015	228,015	228,015	228,015	228,015	217,305
Number of Pump Stations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Number of Catch Basin ⁽⁶⁾	69	69	69	72	69	69	42	42	42	42
Number of Service Connection	4,357	4,357	4,357	4,357	4,314	4,314	4,312	4,241	4,241	4,241
Sewer System:										
Length of Pipes (LF) ⁽⁴⁾	188,415	188,415	188,415	188,415	173,931	173,931	173,931	173,931	173,931	173,931
Number of manholes	883	883	883	883	882	882	882	882	882	882
Maximum daily treatment capacity										
(thousands of gallons)	n/a									

⁽¹⁾ Deputy Sheriffs and Community Service Officers are provided through a contract with the Los Angeles County Sheriff's Department.

⁽²⁾ Fire Protection and Fire Personnel are provided through a contract with the Los Angeles County Fire Department.

⁽³⁾ Corrected length of pipes in lateral feet to match our 2019 Water Loss Audit Report, 2015 Water Master Plan, 2004 Water Master Plan.

⁽⁴⁾ Corrected length of pipes in lateral feet to match our 2016 Sewer System Management Plan

⁽⁵⁾ Corrected miles to match our 2020 Pavement Management Plan

⁽⁶⁾ Corrected catch basins - City of Lomita Public Works performed field check; three basins either erroneous or duplicates.

n/a Data is unavailable to include in this report.

Source: City of Lomita, Administrative Services Department Los Angeles County Fire Department

Los Angeles County Department of Public Works

City of Lomita Water Department Water Sold by Type of Customer Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Ye	ar				
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Type of Customer:										
Residential	4,003 (2)	3,970 ⁽²⁾	4,004 ⁽¹⁾	3,966 ⁽²⁾	3,975 ⁽¹⁾	3,971 ⁽¹⁾	3,960 ⁽¹⁾	3,849 ⁽²⁾	3,917 ⁽¹⁾	3,902
Schools	21	21	21	21	25	25	21	21 (1)	17	17
Commercial	283 ⁽¹⁾	281 ⁽¹⁾	279	279 ⁽¹⁾	270 ⁽¹⁾	266	261	246	246	246
Churches	31	31	30 ⁽²⁾	31	31	31	32	32	31	31
Government	72	72	72	72 (1)	17	17	14	12	10	10
City	18	18	18	18	19	19	18	15	13	13
Total	4,428	4,393	4,424	4,337	4,329	4,306	4,175	4,234	4,219	4,219
Total direct rate per 748 gallons	5.03	4.79	4.79	4.79	4.43	4.12	3.81	3.53	3.53	3.01

⁽¹⁾ New development

⁽²⁾ Vacancies

⁽³⁾ Type correction

Source: City of Lomita, Administrative Services Department - Finance

City of Lomita Water Department Water Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30		Bi-Monthly Base Rate	Rate per 748 Gallons
June 00	_	Tute	Guilono
2014		39.16	3.01
2015	(1)	36.90	3.53
2016		36.90	3.53
2017		39.73	3.81
2018		42.90	4.12
2019		46.78	4.43
2020		50.31	4.79
2021		50.31	4.79
2022		50.31	4.79
2023	(2)	53.81	5.03

NOTE:

Rates are based on 5/8" meter, which is the standard household meter size.

 $^{(1)}$ A new water rate structure went into effect March 1, 2015.

⁽²⁾ A new water rate structure went into effect January 1, 2023.

City of Lomita Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (dollars in thousands, except per capita)

		General	_				
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Revenue Bonds	Tax Allocation Bonds	Pension Obligation Ref Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Total	Percentage of Actual Value of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)
2014	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		- n/a	n/a
2015	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		- n/a	n/a
2016	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		- n/a	n/a
2017	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		- n/a	n/a
2018	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		- n/a	n/a
2019	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		- n/a	n/a
2020	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		- n/a	n/a
2021	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		- n/a	n/a
2022	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		- n/a	n/a
2023	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a		- n/a	n/a

(1) See Schedule 6 for property value data.

(2) Population data can be found in Schedule 16.

Ten years of data is not available.



LOMITA CITY HALL

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